LOUISVILLE, KENTUCKY: WEDNESDAY MORNING, JUNE 17, 1863.

TERMS OF THE DAILY DEMOCRAT TO THE COUNTRY. SIX MONTES

ONE MO', TH. LOCAL AGENTS WANTED.

We desire to procure the services of a local agent every Postoffice District in the State. Will our friends act, or procure the services of some efficient person in our behalf? Belleving that the circulation of the Democrat may be materially extended, we make this appeal to our friends in its behalf.

WE ARE AUTHORIZED TO AN-NOUNCE THE Hon. NAT. WOLFE AS A CANDIDATE FOR CONGRESS IN THIS DISTRICT AT THE ENSUING AUGUST

WE ARE AUTHORIZED TO AN NOUNCE THE Hon. ROBERT MAL-LORY AS A CANDIDATE FOR CON-GRESS IN THIS DISTRICT AT THE EN-SUING AUGUST ELECTION.

We publish the correspondence be tween Corning and others and the President of the United States. The latter writes with apparent frankness, and makes the most ingenious showing that his cause is susceptible of. He asumes to apply a principle that we shall not controvert, without limit; and because it is not easy to define the exact limits of its application, it is extended indefinitely.

General Jackson did substitute his own discretion for law in New Orleans when the p'ace was besieged, and the safety of New Orleans and of his army required it, in his judgment General Wilkeson had done the same in New Orleans at the first transpiring of the Burr conspiracy, for that city was the headquar ters of the conspirators. In such cases of tress rass on legal rights the General has the same exercise that the homicide has. He can plead the necessity of self-defense, and the country will justify him. When the danger is immediate, and the remedy admits of no delay, the General commanding must exercise his best judgment. There may be cases where there is difference of opinion which may be honestly entertained; and in such cases the patriot will give to the Government the bene fit of doubt in the hour of peril. Some irregularities, some injustice, some wrongs in times like these will occur, and we are not disposed to cavil at such cases.

But no principle can reach such acts as have occurred not unfrequently; and when these arbitrary doe's begin to be reduced to a system; when proclamations and orders take the place of laws all over the country; when men are arbitrarily arrested in Ohio be cause there is an insurrection in Louisiana the case is altered. When a doctrine is pro claimed that annihilates the freedom of speech and of the press in the discussion . fa vital interest, it is a matter of reflection. Whither are we tending? Who can tell how long civil commotions may last, and, consequently, how long this doctrine may be continued? Whatever may induce any one to desert from the army, or prevent any from enlisting, must not be done or speken, and every military officer 1: to be the judge of the effect of deeds or words. This, if carried out, cuts off all freedom of d'sofficer includes it in what he calls the policy of the war, it must not be condemned; for the condemnation may induce some one in hearing to desert, or it may prevent some from

Yet, have not the people of this country a right to condemn and change any policy of tain as snything in the future can be that the adapted to the end? Millions being judges. the party in power, by their acts and words, have done more to produce dissensions and prevent enlistments than all the discussions could ever have done. Indeed, were it not that things were done to be discussed unfav r. ably, no discussions would have taken place, or they would have been harmless if they had taken place, with little influence upon any

Suppose a man is thoroughly convinced that this war is useless and hurtful to the cause of ly subsidiary. Union, which he has seriously at heart. If he says so, he discourages enlistments, perhaps; or an officer may think so; yet a cessation of hostilities may be a contingency that will come. It was a possible one from the beginning, and shall not a free people say how long they will upon which a great deal may be said and plausibly said. The present programme of this war, say, is distasteful to a majority of the prople, and, as they believe, suicidal; must they some one to desert, or prevent some one from

Suppose these opinions are erroneous, are they to be suppressed least they do some harm? As well tell us a man must not eat food or drink water, or breathe the air, least he be solemply demanded of the President to apaffected by some poisonous substance. In point Fremont to the head of an army of neshort, this principle carried out to the extent groes, and the President, by way of reply, indicated, silences all discussion, and extin- told them that although his policy of arming guishes the liberties of the county, at the ar- the negroes didn't prove as successful as exbitrary discretion of men often least calculated pected, still he was willing to grant their wish to judge what is wise, much less what is con- if they would raise an army of ten thousand

stitutional. The instance mentioned by the President in Western Virginia. Unfortunately for the does not cover his practice; the latter is a sys tematic repression of those who have a right to judge him and his acts; the former only repressed the efforts of those who might have interfered with the safety and success of the army in the field. Jackson's act affected no one outside of the theater of danger. The pretensions of Mr. Lincoln would repress the political sentiment of the country. It cuts up by the roots the right of the people to canvass and pass judgment upon the conduct of the Government that belongs to them. The preposterousness of this pretension the President ought to see. If the speeches of Vallan-

us that under such regimen a people ever re- Correspondence in Relation to the cover. The existence of these practices creates the necessity for their continuance. The peo ple will not willingly live on drugs when well; the misfortune is, they don't willingly take such drugs now; but those who try on adminstering them find the necessity of continuing the practice. No man takes this military medicine now, and no one ever will; but the necessity once beginning these arbitrary practices, these propagate themselves upon the

THE FOREIGN NEWS,-The latest foreign news indicates, as we might have expected, a renewal of the oft-repeated threat of foreign intervention. Our readers know that we hold to the opinion that this is a war of the American people, for their interest, and aside from the confused danger to the Union through intervention, we wish it to be settled by the American people; still, intervention is one of the possible, and it may be probable, contingencies in the future, and we should be duly prepared for it.

The cause of the new and threatening apcarance of foreign affairs is in the recent misfortunes that have befallen our arms. The late steamers have successively carried the intelligence of disasters to Europe, and of these the enemies of the Union have taken prompt advantage.

It is said that Mr. Mason has been called to Paris for an interview with the Emperor. Mr. Roebuck, a member of Parliament, has made speech at Sheffield, England, that loudly cheered, and in which he urged the immediate recognition of Southern Independence, and the Southern

sympathiners claim that events go to prove that Southern independence is already an estat lished fact. True, we can, notwithstanding our recent failures, show that we have oc cupied a considerable portion of Southern territory, but it is asserted that so far this is a barren victory, since the Southern armies are stronger in the field than ever, and so long as we are unable to crush these armies, we are as far from quelling the rebellion as when we marched on Bull Run.

It is entisfactory to observe that the London Times still adheres to the neutrality, recommends moderation, and at the same time compliments the zeal of the Northern States on their still strongly apparent resolu tion to carry on the war.

What effect the peace meeting in New Yorl will have upon foreign affairs we cannot say, but the success or failure of the heroic Gen, Grant will have the most powerful influence. If he succeeds we shall be strong enough to defy foreign interference. If he fails, we may certainly expect it.

defy foreign interference. If he fails, we may certainly expect it.

Upon this subject, the New York World makes the following comment:

"Every month which sees these Southern armies still keeping the field makes more absolutely certain the recognition of the Government which they represent. Lee, Beauregard, Bragg, and Johnston are the real embassadors of the Confederate government near the public opinion of Europe. It is with them that we are to deal if we wish to avert the very serious consequences that must flow from the recognition by Foreign States of that great national sechism which we regard as equivalent to national death, and we can deal with them only by the diplomacy of battle. The Administration, in its devotion to the fanatical system of war against popula tions, has never shown anything approaching te an adequate apprehension of this fact. It is not even certain that the notion of 'exhausting the South' by competition in the soft of the republic measures and the endring stability of the State and the authority of the State and the flow of law, and the authority of the State and Intended, and the authority of the State and Intended, and the authority of the State and Federal constitutions.

Resolved, That the Constitution of the Uaited States to consist "only in levying war against them, or adhering to their enemies, giving them add and comfort," and has provided that "no person shall be convicted of treason, unless on the testimony of the visited states and intended nor estimony of the visited states are visited of the crime of the rand and naval forces, or in the militia, when in actual service in time of war or public danger;" and has provided that "no person shall be convicted of treason, unless on the testimony of the visited states and extended that "no person shall be convicted of treason, unless on the testimony of the visited states and extended that "no person shall be convicted of treason, unless on the testimony of the visited states to consist "only in levying war against them, or a c cussion and freedom of action. No matter how proaching to an adequate apprehension suicidal and ruinous a policy may be, if the of this fact. It is not even certain that mental strategy. Should the army of Gen. Grant be compelled, after all its gallant efforts, to abandon the siege of Vicksburg, it is as cerwar that to them appears suicidal, not at all utmost endeavors of Lord Russell will be required even to delay a little longer such diplomatic action on the part of the French and

> ministration, to drift." In that case, however, we would regard foreign influence of secondary importance. The prime evil, morally and politically, would be in the defeat itself; the other would be mere

the whole nation to a sense of the real situa-

Among the amusing things that have turned up lately among the farcical political Generals, is a grave demand, on the part of Ben. F. Butler, with morals as oblique as his General, and the equally grave counter-despend blood and treasure? Peace is a subject mand of Fremont for the same place. These men have not won a single battle, and have behaved in a manner discreditable to themselves and the nation. They are among the defunct, and their ridiculous claims will only be silent because what they say may induce serve to create a smile, except among such fanatics as believe that to be an Abolitionist fits a man for any position in which he can ruin the country.

men as a nucleus. They are to be stationed

A train of rebel prisoners reached Indianapolis on Saturday afternoon from Alton. Ill., via the Terre Haute railroad. They num-

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Public Meeting at Albany, N. Y.

LETTER OF THE COMMITTEE AND RESOLUTIONS ALBANY, May 19, 1863. To His Excellency the President of the United

States:

The undersigned, officers of a public meeting beld at the city of Albany on the 16th day of May inst., herewith transmit to your excellency a copy of the resolutions adopted at the said meeting, and respectfully request your carriest consideration of them. They deem it proper on their personal responsibility to state that the meeting was one of the most respectable as to utmbers and character, and one of the most expect in the support of the e of the most carnest in the support of the

Yours, with great regard,
Enastus Corning, President.
ELI PERRY, Vice President.
PETER GANSEVOGET, Vice President.
PETER MONTEATH, Vice President.
SAMUEL W. GIBRS, Vice President.
JOHN NIBLACK, Vice President.
H. W. MCCLELLAN, Vice President. H. W. McClellan, Vice President.
LEMUEL W. RODGERS, Vice President.
WILLIAM SEYMOUR, Vice President.
JEREMIAH OSBORN, Vice President.
J. B. Sanders, Vice President.
J. B. Sanders, Vice President.
EDWARD MULCAHY, Vice President.
D. V. N. RADGLIFFE, Vice President.
WM. A. RICE Screenery.

WM. A. RICE, Secretary. EDWARD NEWCOMB, Secretary. R. W. PECKHAM, JR, Secretary. M. A. NOLAN, Secretary. JOHN R. NESSEL, Secretary. C. W. WEEKS, Secretary. Resolutions adopted at the meeting held in Albany New York, on the 16th day of May, 1863. Resolved, That the Democrats of New York poin to their uniform course of action during the two years of civil war through which we have passed to the alacrity which they have evinced in filling the ranks of the army, to their contributions and

Resolved, That, while we will not consent to be Resolved, That, while we will not consent to be misapprehended upon these points, we are determined not to be misunderstood in regard to other not less essential. We demand that the Administration shall be true to the Constitution; shall recognize and maintain the rights of the States and the liberties of the citizen; shall everywhere, outside of the lines of necessary military occupation and the scenes of insurrection, exert all its powers to maintain the supremacy of the civil overmilitary law.

powers to maintain the supremacy of the civil over military law.

Revolved, That, in view of these principles, we denounce the recent assumption of a military commander to seize and try a citizen of Ohio, Clement L. Vallandigham, for no other reason than words addressed to a public meeting, in criticism of the course of the Administration, and in condemnation of the millitary orders of that General.

Resolved, That this assumption of power by a military tribunal, if successfully asserted, not only abrogates the right of the people to assemble and discuss the affairs of government, the liberty of speech and of the press, the right of trial by jury, the law of evidence, and the privilege of habeas corpus, but it strikes a fatal blow at the supremeey of law, and the authority of the State and Federal constitutions.

ments of the enduring stability of the republic.

Resolved, That, in adopting the language of Daniel Webster, we declare, "It is the ancient and undoubted prerogative of this people to canvass public measures and the merits of public men." It is a "home-bred right," a fireside privilege. It had been enjoyed in every house, cottage and cabin in the nation. It is as undoubted as the right of breathing the air or walking on the earth. Belonging to private life as a right, it belongs to public life as a dary, and it is the last duty which those whose representatives we are shall find us to abandon. Aiming at all times to be courteous and temperate in its use, except when the right itself is questioned, we shall place ourselves on the extreme boundary of our own right and bid defance to any arm that would move us from our ground. "This high constitutional privilege we shall defend and exercise is all places—in time of peace, in time of war, and at all times. Living, we shall assert it; and should we leave no other inheritance to our children, by the blessing of God we will leave them the inheritance of free principles and the example of a manty, independent and constitutional defense of them."

Resolved, That m the election of Governor Seymour, the people of this State, by an emphatic majority, declared their condemnation of the system of arbitrary arrests and their determination to stand by the Constitution. That the revival of this lawless system can have but one result: to divide and distract the North and destroy its confidence in the purposes of the Administration. That we deprecate it as an element of confusion at home, of weakness to our armies in the field, and as calculated to lower the estimate of American character and magnify the apparent peril of our cause abroad. And that, regarding the blow struck at a citizen of Ohio as aimed at the rights of every citizen of the North, we denounce it as against the spirit of our laws and Constitution, and most earnestly call upon the President of the United States t English Governments as will suddenly rouse t'on into which we have been suffered, by the insane and reckless military policy of the Ad-

to support the Government in every constitutional and lawful measure to suppress the existing re

MR, LINCOLN'S REPLY.

EXECUTIVE MANSION, } Washington, June 12, 1863. Hon. Erastus Corning and others:

GENTLEMEN: Your letter of May 19, inclo ing the resolutions of a public meeting held at Albany, New York, on the 16th of the same month, was received several days ago.

The resolutions, as I understand them, are resolvable into two propositions—first, the ex-pression of a purpose to sustain the cause of in Western Virginia. Unfortunately for the committee and the President, the black ten thousand could not be found.

If Mr. Lincoln is at fault in ascribing the Vallandigham affair to Democrate—General Burnside and Judge Leavitt. The latter has not been a Democrat these twenty years. He belongs to Mr. Lincoln's party; and General Burnside voted for Breckinridge at the last Presidential election—not for the Democratic nominee.

Democratic the black ten the Union, to secare peace through victory, and to support the Administration for supposed unconstitutional and lawful measure to suppress the rebellior; and secondly, a declaration of constitutional action, such as the making of military arrests. And, from the two propositions, a third is deduced, which is that the gentlemen composing the meeting are resolved on doing their part to maintain our common Government and country, despite the folly or wickedness, as they may conceive, of any Administration. This position is eminently patriotic, and as such, I tnank the meeting, and congratulate the nation for it. meeting, and congratulate the nation for it. My own purpose is the same; so that the My own purpose is the same; so that the meeting and myself have a common object and can have no difference except in the

choice of means or measures for effecting

pension. The resolutions proceed to tell us that these safeguards "have stood the test of seventy-six years of trial, under our republican system, under circumstances which show that while they constitute the foundation of all free government, they are the elements of the caduring stability of the republic." No one denies that they have so stood the test up to the miles of the country then his

that while they constitute the foundation of all free government, they are the elements of the call and they constitutional jurisdiction to lay hands upon the beginning of the present rebellin if we decide that they have so stood the test up to the beginning of the present rebellin if we obtained that they have so stood the test up to the beginning of the present rebellin if we ordered at New Orleans; nor does any one question of the country, then his arrest was made on mistake of fact, which I would be glad to correct on on reasonably satisfactory evidence. It understand the meeting, whose resolutions of the Constitution hard be conviction of which the punishment is draft—nor yet were they made to hold persons to answer for any capital or otherwise infamous crimes; nor wrether proceedings following; in any constitution, and upon the conviction of which the punishment is draft—nor yet were they made to hold persons to answer for any capital or otherwise infamous crimes; nor wrether proceedings following; in any constitution shall be punished by the severe penalty of which the grounds of the arrests.

The arrests were made on tatally different grounds, and the proceedings following accorded with the grounds of the arrests.

Let us consider the real care with which we are dealing, and apply to it the parts of the Constitution plainly made for eight capital to see de from the united all to elect a President to their own liking. I was elected that any State had a lawful right to see de from the united states forts, and had fired upon the United States forts, and had fired upon the United States forts, and had fired upon the United States fag, all before I was langurated, and, of course, before I had done any official act whatever. The resent civil war; and, in certain respects, it began on very unequal terms between the parties. The irrusperts had been preparity for it more than their years, while the Government had taken evers, while the Government had taken evers, the feet of the constitution itself makes the dis very unequal terms between the parties. The irsu gents had been preparing for it more than tuirty years, while the Government had taken no steps to resist them. The former had carefully considered all the means which could be turned to their account. It undoubt-edly was a well-pondered reliance with them that in their own unrestricted efforts to destroy

beas corpus" might be suspended; but they also knew they had friends who would make a question as to who was to suspend it; meanwhile their spies and others might remain at large to help on their cause. Or if, as has happened, the Executive should suspend the writ, which truinous waste of time, instances of arresting innocent persons might occur, as are always likely to occur in such cases; and then a clamor could be raised in regard to this, which might be, at least, of some service to the insurant cause. It needed no very keep. which might be, at least, of some service to the incurgent cause. It needed no very keen perception to discover this part of the enemy's programme, so soon as by open hostilities their machinery was fairly put in motion. Yet, thoroughly imbued with a reverence for the guaranteed rights of individuals, I was slow to adopt the strong measures which by degrees I have been forced to regard as being within the exceptions of the Constitution, and as indispensable to the public safety. Nothing is better known to history than that Courts of justice are utterly incompetent to such cases. Civil courts are organized chiefly for trials of individuals, or, at most, a few individuals acting in concert; and this in quiet times,

uals acting in concert; and this in quiet times, and on charges of crimes well defined in the law. Even in times of peace bands of horselaw. Even in times of peace bands of herse—thieves and robbers frequently grow too numerous and powerful for the ordinary courts of justice. But what comparison, in numbers, have such bands ever borne to the insurgent sympathizers even in many of the loyal States? Again, a jury too frequently has at least one member more ready to hang the panel than to hang the traitor. And yet, again, he who dissuades one man from volunt ering, or induces one soldier to desert, weakens the Union cause as much as he who kills a Union soldier.

grant, and gigantic case of rebellion; and the provision of the Constitution that "the privi-lege of the writ of habeas corpus shall not be suspended, unless when, in case of rebellion or invasion, the public safety may require it," is the provision which specially applies to our present case. This provision plainly attests the understanding of those who made the Constitution, that ordinary courts of justice are inadequate to "cases of rebellion"—attests their purpose that in such cases man made tests their purpose that in such cases men may be held in custody whom the Courts, acting on ordinary rules, would discharge. Habeas corpus does not discharge men who are proved to be guilty of defined crime; and its suspension is allowed by the Constitution on purpose that men may be arrested and held who cannot be proved to be guilty of defined crime, "when, in case of rebellion or invasion, the public safety may require it." This is precisely our present case—a case of rebellion, wherein the public safety does require the suspension. Indeed, arrests by process of courts, and arrests in cases of rebellion, do not proceed altogether upon the same basis. The former is directed at the small percentage of ordinary and continuous perpetration of crime, while the latter is directed at sudden and extensive uprisings against the Govern-ment, which, at most, will succeed or fail in ment, which, at most, will succeed or fail in no great length of time. In the latter case, arrests are made, not so much for what has been done, as for what probably would be done. The latter is more for the preventive and less for the vindictive than the former. In such cases the purposes of men are much more easily understood than in cases. are much more easily understood than in cases of ordinary crime. The man who stands by and says nothing when the peril of his Gov-ernment is discussed, cannot be misunder-stood. If not hindered he is sure to help the enemy; much more if he talks ambiguously—talks for his country with "buts" and "ifs" and "ands." Of how little value the constitutional provisions I have quoted will be ren-dered, if arrests shall never be made until de fined crimes shall have been committed, may be illustrated by a few notable examples. Gen. John C. Breckinridge, Gen. Robert E. Lee, Gen. Joseph E. Johnston, Gen. John B. Magruder, Gen. William B. Preston, Gen. Simple B. Brech. William B. Comment. Rev. St. magnaer, den. william B. Frescon, cell. Si-mon B. Buckner, and Commodore Frank-lin Buchanan, now occupying the very highest places in the rebel war service, were all within the power of the Government since the rebellion began, and were nearly as well known to be traitors then as now. Unquestionably if we had seized and held them, the insurgent cause would have been much weaker. But no one of them had then com-mitted any crime defined in the law. Every one of them, if arrested, would have been discharged on habeas corpus were the writ allowed to operate. In view of these and similar cases, I think the time unlikely to come when I shall be blamed for having made too few arrests rather than too many.

By the third resolution the meeting indicate By the third resolution the meeting indicate their opinion that military arrests may be constitutional in localities where rebellion actually exists, but that such arrests are unconstitutional in localities where rebellion or insurrection does not actually exist. They insist that such arrests shall not be made "outside of the lines of necessary military occupation, and the scenes of insurrection." Inas much however, as the Constitution itself dent ought to see. If the speeches of Validad. They number of the continuous of the continuous as the

and I can no more be persuaded that the Government can constitutionally take no strong measures in time of rebellion, because it can be shown that the same could not be had carefully considered all the means which could be turned to their account. It undoubtedly was a well-pondered reliance with them that in their own unrestricted efforts to destroy Union, Constitution, and law, all together, the Government would, in a great degree, be restrained by the same Constitution and law from arresting their progress. Their sympathizers pervaded all departments of the Government and nearly all communities of the people. From this material, under cover of "liberty of speech," "liberty of the press," and "habeas corpus," they hoped to keep on foot amongst us a mest efficient corps of spies, informers, suppliers, and aiders and abettors of their cause in a thousand ways. They knew that in times such as they were inaugurating, by the Constitution itself, the "habeas corpus," might be suspended; but they

his healthful life.

In giving the resolutions that earnest consideration which you request of me, I cannot overlook the fact that the meeting speak as "Democrats." Nor can I, with full respect for have done so. He on whose discretionary judgment Mr. Vallandigham was arrested and tried is a Democrat, having no old party af-finity with me; and the judge who rejected

suades one man from volunt ering, or induces one soldier to desert, weakens the Union cause as much as he who kills a Union soldier in battle. Yet this dissuasion or inducement may be so conducted as to be no defined crime of which any civil court would take cognizance.

Ours is a case of rebellion—so called by the Ours is a case of rebellion—so called by the Charles of the city, but before official knowledge of it had arrived Gen. Jackson still maintained martial and martial described for the city, but before official knowledge of it had arrived Gen. Jackson still maintained martial and martial described for the city, but before official knowledge of it had arrived Gen. Jackson still maintained martial described for the city of the city, but before official knowledge of it had arrived Gen. Jackson still maintained martial described for the city of the city arrived, Gen. Jackson still maintained martial or military law. Now, that it could be said the war was over, the clamor against martial law, which had existed from the first, grew more furious. Among other things a Mr. Louaillier published a denunciatory newspa-per article. Gen. Jackson arrested him. A per article. Gen. Jackson arrested him. A lawyer by the name of Morel procured the United States Judge Hall to order a writ of habeas corpus to relieve Mr. Louaillier. Gen. Jackson arrested both the lawyer and the Judge. A Mr. Hollander ventured to say of some part of the matter that "it was a dirry trick." "General Jackson arrested him. When the officer undertook to serve the writ of habeas corpus, General Jackson took it from him and sent him away with a copy. Holding the judge in custody a few a copy. Holding the judge in custody a few days, the General sent him beyond the limits of his encampment, and set him at liberty, with an order to remain till the ratification of peace should be regularly announced, or until the British should have left the southern coast. A day or two more clapsed, the ratifi-cation of the treaty of peace was regularly an-nounced, and the judge and others were fully literated. A few days more and the judge called Gen. Jackson into Court and fined him a thousand dollars for having arrested him and the others named. The General paid the fine, and there the matter rested for nearly thirty years, when Congress, refunded principal and interest. The late Senator Douglas, then in the House of Representatives, took a leading part in the debates, in which the con-stitutional question was much discussed. I am not prepared to say whom the journals would show to have voted for the measure. It may be remarked: First, that we had the same Constitution then as now; secondly, that we then had a case of invasion, and now

we have a case of recentor, and, thirdy, that the permanent right of the people to public discussion, the liberty of speech and of the press, the trial by jury, the law of evidence, and the habeas corpus, suffered no detriment whatever by that conduct of General Jackson, or its subsequent approval by the Ameri

can Congress.

And yet, let me say, that in my own discre And yet, let me say, that in my own discre-tion, I do not know whether I would have or-dered the arrest of Mr. Vallandigham. While I cannot shift the responsibility from myself, I hold that, as a general rule, the commander in the field is the better judge of the necessity in any particular case. Of course, I must practice a general directory and revisory pow-arin the matter.

er in the mattr.
One of the resolutions expresses the opinion of the meeting that arbitrary arrests will have the effect to divide and distract those who of the meeting that arbitrary arrests will have the effect to divide and distract those who should be united in suppressing the rebellion, and I am specifically called on to discharge Mr. Vallandigham. I regard this as, at least, a fair appeal to me on the expediency of exercising a constitutional power which I think exists. In response to such appeal i have to say, it gave me pain when I learned that Mr. Vallandigham had been arrested—that is, I was pained that there should have seemed to be a necessity for arresting him—and that it will afford me great pleasure to discharge him as soon as I can, by any means, believe that public safety will not swifer by it. I further say, that as the war progresses, it appears to me, opinion and action, which were in great confusion at first, take shape and fall into more regular channels, so that the necessity for strong dealing with them gradually decreases. I have every reason to desire that it should cease altogether, and far from the least is my regards for the opinions and wishes of those who, like the meeting at Albany, declare their purpose to sustain the Government in every constitutional and lawful measure to suppress the rebellior. Still, I must continue to do so much as may seem to be required by the public safety.

A. Lincoln.

The own times git dredful lonesomish, but then when i reflect that on to me rests the care of trainin up all them little innosents, and when George he comes to sea me I become contented and give myself up to blis.

George he is the beautifullest young feller into this here plaice. He is a noble union man, and has often tolde me he was willing to sacretic their base of the war and told Geo. Into my presents he would boote him of he didn't discontinue to contunue his visits to me. Oh, dere! ime so unhappy—i can never at a mere dealing with the micro more regular channels, so that the necessity for strong dealing with the micro more regular channels, so that the necessity for strong dealing with the micro more regular channels, so that the n

their purpose to sustain the Government in every constitutional and lawful measure to suppress the rebellior. Still, I must continue to do so much as may seem to be required by the public safety.

A. LINCOIN.

The Mrs. Sarah T. Bolton, the gifted poetess, gave a supper on Monday evening at Indianapolis, to a large number of her distinguished friends at home and abroad. It was the most distinguished gathering ever assembled in that city. Among the guests were Governor Morton and wife, Bishop Ames and wife, Rev. Dr. Benton and wife, B. R. Sulgrove, George D. Prentice, N. P. Willis, William T. Cogshall, General Dumont, A. G. Porter, Grace Greenwood, Alice Carey, Phebe Carey and Mrs. Metta V. Victor. Let-Phœbe Carey and Mrs. Metta V. Victor. Letters were received from Fanny Fern, Mrs. Sigourney and John G. Whittier, being unable to be present.

The Siege of Port Hudson-Official Report by General Banks.

HEADQUARTERS ARMY OF THE GULF, Before Port Hudson, May 3, 1863. eral H. W. Halleck, Commander-in-

GENERAL: Leaving Sommesport, on the Atchafalaya, where my command was at the date of my last dispatch, I landed at Bayou Sara at two o'clock on the morning of the

A portion of the infantry were transferred in steamers, and the balance of the infantry, artil-lery, cavalry, and wagen train moving down on the west bank of the river, and from this

on the west cank of the fiver, and from this to Bayou Sara.

On the 23d a junction was effected with the advance of Major General Augur and Brigadier General Sherman, our line occupying the Bayou Sara road at a distance of five miles from Port Hudson.

Maj. Gen. Augur had an encounter with a portion of the enemy on the Bayou Sara road in the direction, of Rators, Rouge, which re-

ortion of the enemy on the Bayou Sara road in the direction of Baton Rouge, which resulted in the repulse of the enemy with heavy oss.

On the 25th the enemy was compelled to abandon his first line of works.

Gen. Weitzel's brigade, which had covered our rear in the march from Alexandria, joined consist of interched abatis extending in the in the direction of Baton Rouge, which re-sulted in the repulse of the enemy with heavy abandon his first line of works. Gen. Weitzel's brigade, which had covered our rear in the march from Alexandria, joined us on the 26th, and on the morning of the

but at 2 o'clock an assault was opened on the center and left of center by the divisions un-der Major General Augur and Brigadier Genral Sherman. The enemy was driven into his works, and

called for the utmost steadiness and bravery in those to whom it was confided.

It gives me pleasure to report that they answered every expectation. In many respects their conduct was heroic; no troops could be more determined or more daring. They made, during the day, three charges upon the batteries of the enemy, suffering very heavy losses, and holding their position at nightfall with the other troops on the right of our lines. The highest commendation is bestowed upon them by all the officers in command on the right.
Whatever doubt may have existed beretofore

as to the efficacy of organizations of this character, the history of this day proves conclusively to those who are in condition to observe the conduct of these regiments, that the Government will find in this class of troops effective supporters and defenders. The severe test to which they were subjected, and the determined manner in which they encountered the enemy, leaves upon my mind no doubt of their ultimate success.

They require only good officers, commands of limited numbers, and careful discipline to make them excellent soldiers.

Our losses from the 23d to this date, in killed, wounded and missing, are nearly one thousand, including, I deeply regret to say, some of the ablest officers of the corps. I am unable yet to report them in detail.

I have the honor to be, with much respect, your obedient servant, N. P. BANKS, Major General Com'g.

SICK AND WOUNDED KENTUCKY SOLDIERS .-The following sick and wounded Kentucky soldiers were transported from near Vicksburg, June 4th, 1863, to Memphis, Tennessee. June 8:h, 1863, on the United States hospital steamer R. C. Wood: J J Sebastian, sergeant major 7th, right thigh

mp.
B McGrinder, co C, 22d, right leg amp.
John Marlow, co I, 7th, right thigh amp.
James M Carter, sergeant co G, 22d, right leg.
C G Meadors, co F, 7th, typhoid pneumonia.
Thos Bush, co F, 22d, left knee.
E Burton, corporal co G, 22d, left high. C G Meadors, co F, 7th, typhoid pneumonia.
Thos Bush, co F, 22d, left knee.
E Burton, corporal co G, 22d, left thigh.
John Cline, co A, 19th, right side of back.
B F Morris, co E, 22d, left leg.
Fox Jones, co B, 7th, left arm.
W H Davis, co F, 7th, right knee.
J C Speak, sergeant co K, 7th, left shoulder.
Dillon Asher, co E, 7th, right knee.
J C Speak, sergeant co E, 22d, left leg.
R Transley, co D, 19th, arm.
W A Williams, co D, 7th right thorax.
F McNallis, co A, 22d, back.
W Moran, co E, 22d, right shoulder.
A Haines, sergeant co K, 7th, left leg.
E Burgeon, co F, 22d, left back.
V Moran, co E, 22d, left back.
John Ashley, co A, 19th, right thigh.
D Sutherland, co K, 7th, right foot.
W Lytle, co D, 7th, left arm.
G W Harmon, 2d lieut co F, 7th, right thigh.
E D Thomas, capt co G, 22d, body.
M V Barker, co K, 7th, left knee.
E Nelson, co H, 7th, right thegamp.
Jas Thayer, co E, 22d, left hip.
Eli Baker, cc G, 19th, right tarm.
D F Pane, sergeant co T, 7th, chronic diar hea.
E Reeve, co A, 7th, general debility.
R Eraughton, sergeant co F, 7th, right forearm.
M Lockard, co K, 7th, right shoulder.
Jas M Nolan, sergeant co I, 22d, left foot.
E Walsh, co I, 22d, right wrist.
T J Collins, sergeant co A, 22d, right parletal
bone.
J W Willis, co F, 22d, left thest.

J W Willis, co F, 22d, left chest.

county on Friday, and returned on Saturday with eighteen, under the conscription act. The a dirk knife, but the latter caught the blade following are the names of the parties who in her hand and wrenched it from Mrs. M.'s were arrested at a meeting:

P Burgess, W Richards, Andrew Moorehouse, Levi Grosclose, Christian Doty, Wm. Burbrick, Jacob Coppenbarger, Lewis Doty, Andrew J Wolford, Jacob Doty, David Grosclose, Albert Browning, John Stewart, Jacob Dressler, W H Stewart and Hugh Service.

Est Nicety three read prisoners were sent at the contract of the contract of the contract of the prisoner, Md., presently, from the the contract of the contra

PORT HUDSON.

Its Defenses Described by a Confed-

erate Prisoner-Ammunition and Provisions Giving Out-Strength of the [From the New York Herald.]

We have received the following account of the detenses of Port Hudson, of the strength of its garrison and its means generally to resist the efforts now being made to reduce it, from a young Kentuckian who happened to be in Arkansas at the breaking out of the rebellion, and who was compelled to join the rebel troops raised in that State. His regiment is a part of the brigade of General Beal, which soon after the battle of Corinth, or Pittsburg Landing, was sent to Port Hudson, where it has ever since remained. John Harris, our it has ever since remained. John Harris, our informant, is a native of kentucky, and is now on his way to his native State, he having joyfully taken the oath of allegiance to the

consist of intrenched abatis, extending in the form of a semi-circle for some nine or ten miles. Beyond these the country was considered to be favorable for the defenders of The artillery opened fire between five and six o'clock, which was continued with animation during the day. At ten o'clock Weitzel's brigade, with the division of Gen. Grover, reduced to about two brigades, and the division of Gen. Emory, temporarily reduced by detachments to about a brigade, under command of Col. Paine, with two regiments of colored troops, made an assault upon the right of the enemy's works, crossing Sandy Creek, and driving them through the woods to their fortifications.

The fight lasted on this line until 4 o'clock, and was severely contested. On the left the infantry did not come up until later in the day; but at 2 o'clock an assault was opened on the late attack considerable labor had been expended on them. These works are not of a continuous character, like the semicircle of outer works, but are detached, erected on positions favorable to the rebels in each positions favorable to the rebels in they were compelled to fall back abandon their outer defenses. E our troops moved up to the fortifications, holding the opposite sides of the parapet with the enemy on the right. Our troops still hold their position on the left, After dark the main body, being exposed to a flunk fire, with drew to a belt of woods, the skirmishers remaining close upon the fortifications.

In the assault of the 27th, the behavior of the officers and men was most gallant, and left nothing to be desired. Our limited acquaint ance of the ground and the character of the works, which were almost hidden from our observation until the moment of approach, alone prevented the capture of the post.

On the extreme right of our line I posted the First and Third regiments of negro troops. The First regiment of Louisiana engineers, composed exclusively of colored men, excepting the officers, were also engaged in the operations of the day. The position occupied by these troops was one of importance, and called for the utmost steadiness and bravery in those to whom it was confided.

mand at Port Hudsov, is a native of the State of New York, a graduate of West Point, to which he was appointed from Iowa. He served with distinction in Mexico; but, on the heading out of the reheliton he igned the served with distinction in Mexico; but, on the breaking out of the rebellion, he joined the rebels, and on the 6th of May, 1861, his name was stricken off the roll of the United States army. The troops under him were for the most part previously commanded by General Beal, who is still, however, in command as subordinate to General Gardner. Mr. Harris computes the whole rebel strength at between four and five thousand men, consisting of the following regiments or parts of regiments: ollowing regiments or parts of regiments:

The Fourteenth, Seventeenth, Sixteenth, and Fifteenth Arkansas; the First and Thirty-ninth Missouri; the First, Thirty-first, and Thirty-ninth Albama; parts of the Forty-second, Forty-eighth, Forty-ninth, and Fitty-fifth Tennessee, and the Ninth Louisiana battalion. General Maxey commands a brigade of

troops. GEN, GARDNER'S STAFF. Lieut. A'ee Dupre, Aid-de-Camp;
L'eut. T. F. Wilson, A. A. G;
Capt. J. H. Spratley, A. Q. M;
Capt. John J. Wheadon, A. C. S;
Lieut. R. M. Rogers, Ordnance Officer.
The condition of the troops is represented a almost perfect. Previous to the late terrible assume upon their works they had every

ble assault upon their works they had every confidence in their strength and ability to re-pel any attack made upon them; but the numbers and determination of our troops on that ecasion have reduced their vain boastings e.y. considerably. Added to this is the fear that even in the

Added to this is the fear that even in the event of their otherwise being able to hold out till re-enforcements could reach them, their stock of ammunition is not sufficient for a protracted siege. There are no means of manufacturing it within the post, and there is no possible way by which it can be brought there from the outside.

Provisions also are getting scarce. The rations served out to the troops consist of seven onnees of beef and three-quarters of a pound of meal, with the bran in, daily. No tea or

of meal, with the bran in, daily. No tea or coffee is supplied. Salt is very scarce, but molasses and sugar are pretty plentiful. To-bacco sells at two dollars and a half a plug. Gold sells for four dollars and a half premium over Confederate scrip. Greenbacks are much sought after, and are worth two dollars and twenty-five cents over their Confederate congeners. There are none but military in the post, the former residents of the place having all fled on the approach of our troops.

The Tragedy in East Hartford-A Husband Kills his Wife and Child, and then Destroys Himself.

The Hartford Times, of the 8th inst., gives the following particulars of the tragedy in East Hartford:

A man by the name of William Steele, aged fifty-three years, residing on the road leading to Scotland, and but a few rods from East Hartford Center, cruelly killed his wife and little child, about six months old, by cutting their threats with a razor, nearly severing their heads from their bodies, and killing them instantly, in all probability. He then ended his own existence by cutting his throat from ear to car. This was done, probably, in the latter part of the night, as the body of the infant was warm when discovered in the morning.

It appears that Steele was subject to temporary fits of insanity and had been three times in the Insane Retreat, but had always been Dere Cister—You didn't reseve my last fond epistol, because ef you had you'de ought treply, which you haint, and I forgive you.

I toled you I had got a schoole, which I like very exceedingly mutch: I have 30 schoolers—fore boy pupils, and the balanse gurls. I have been studeing very severe all winter and passed the examinashun bully. I don't know how long I shall teach ef I keep on lickeing of it as i do now,—but shall probably teach sieks monts.

I some times git dredful louesomish, but in the Insane Retreat, but had always been good natured and harmless, and was much attached to his family, and no particular fears, so far as we can learn, had been entertained by his friends of violence in consequence of his insteaded to his family, and no particular fears, so far as we can learn, had been entertained by his friends of violence in consequence of his insteaded to his family, and no particular fears, so far as we can learn, had been entertained by his friends of violence in consequence of his unsound state of mind. When in his right mind he was a good husband and father, and was respected by his neighbors. He was a twork in Middletown, and on Monday last he came home to spend a few days with his family. He had complained of being unwell for several days past, but there was nothing in his appearance to create alarm, and on Sunday he was so much better that his wife left. him with other members of the family in charge of the house, while she attended

The facts concerning the killing are substantially these: His wife and little child occupied a bed-room below, and two children, aged respectively six and eight years, occupied another room in the upper part of the house, in company with Mrs. Symonds, the mother of Mrs. Steele. The other persons, relatives of the family, occupied rooms in another part of the house. They all retired at the usual hour last night, except Steele, who, it is thought, occupied the lounge until his wife and child were asleep, and then, some time late in the night, cautiously entered the bed-room, with razor in hand, and killed first the mother and then the child, as stated above. He then deliberately cut his own throat from ear to ear and fell dead by the side of the bed on which were lying the dead bodies of his wife and child.

The terrible deed must have been done very

were lying the dead bodies of his wife and child.

The terrible deed must have been done very quietly, and without any unusual noise, for neither Mrs. Symonds nor the other members of the family knew anything of the terrible tragedy until breakfast time, when Mrs. Symonds, who went to the door of the bedroom to call the occupants, discovered the horrible facts in the case. The scene in the bedroom was horrible in the extreme. The mother lay quiet in death, with eyes unclosed, and her left arm thrown protectingly around the body of her tender infant, and the father was stretched lifeless upon the floor, with the bloody razor still clasped in his hand; the bed, the floor, the walls saturated and bespattered with the blood of the victims, formed altogether a picture too sickening to contemplate.

pany of cavalry was sent down to Johnson for decoying her liege lord from his domicile grasp. She then plunged the knife into the breast of Mrs. Morris, killing her almost instantly. In wrenching the knife from Mrs.
M.'s hand the girl Robinson had her hand badly cut. The murderess is in jail to await

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South side Green Street, two doors be low the Custombouse. W. E. HUGHES, State Printer,

WEDNESDAY, JUNE 17, 1863.

CITY NEWS.

Colonel Marc Mundy, Commandant of this Post, has rooms at the Louisville Hotel, where strangers going South, arriving after office hours, and entitled to passes, may obtain them at seven o'clock A. M., in time to take the morning trains. No passes, however, will be given by the Commandant of the Post at his hotel to others than those arrivingafter office hours.

Y sterday a young man named Wm. Moore, who was born in Todd county, in this left here in the possession of his lawyer. State, made his appearance before Major Fitch and requested to be put through the lines-exchanged-as soon as possible. Young Moore says he has been in the Southern army nearly two years, has been in engagements in nearly all the secoded States. We talked with him awhile and asked him what the "rights" were he asked for in the alry dashed upon them suddenly. Young South? He said "go naked and starve" were Oldham fell from his horse in the corner of a all he saw to fight for, yet he enlisted for fence, and threw up his hands exclaiming, "I three years, and he would han; on until his surrender!" Scarcely had the words escaped time was out. He was one of Hines' party, his lips when a leaden messenger of death, and gives us the following particulars of the shot by some one unknown, launched his soul fight on Saturday : Their forces, under Hines, into that eternity from whence no traveler releft Tennessee and crossed the Cumberland at Salina, coming through the country to Eliz- was killed, in the corner of the churchyard on abethtown, where they arrived on Saturday the hill, through which the rebels mostly morning without seeing a Federal anywhere made their escape. Young Oldham has a widon the route. They were guided by two owed mother, sisters, and brother living in young men, whose parents resided at Eliza- this county. This excellent young man, like bethtown. They expected to catch a passenger train when they pounced upon the freight folded, as it were, and led into the service of train and took fresh horses, leaving their poor, a deluded people, who fought against the men were, through a mistake, published as half-starved ones in the town. They did not Union-that Union to which they owed their deserters who had been sent to Nashville in burn the cars nor run the engine away as was reported. They arrived with have laid down in their quiet graves with no as was reported. They arrived with have laid down in their quiet graves with no their stolen horses at New Salem Church one near to breath a prayer of love or shed a in the afternoon, and had come to the conclair parting tear for him they loved. His remains they should be reported as members of Kension to remain there and rest until 2 o'clock next morning. Quite a number of them went into the creek bathing, leaving their horses, which had never heard a gun fired, tied to hotels in the western country is now located trees, &c., on the bank. There were about on the corner of Fourth and Main streetseighty rebels, under Hines and Haycraft, In known as the National Hotel, in charge of a little while Captain Hare, with about sixty that prince of landlords, C. M. Metcalfe, late of his dashing cavalry, disturbed the party of the Spencer House, Cincinnati. The recent by rushing into their little group and firing. Scarcely had the first shot been fired, than the added greatly to the pleasure and comfort of stolen borses, with the swimmers' clothes. pistols. &c., broke and ran. Some of them. maked, managed to get on them, but were thrown off, or else the horses ran away with nothing wanting that would add to the pleasthem. There was not a single shot fired by the rebels, as they took their immediate flight. Four of their men were killed-one of them being Young Oldham, who was thrown from a wild horse and killed. We did not learn the names of the others. One or two were taken where; and above all, the steward seems to prisoners. Moore says his horse ran against a tree, throwing him off in the road. He also freighted with the choicest and best edibles states that the object of their visit was to steal to be found in this or any other market. horses and wearing apparel. He represents Aside from this, they are prepared in such a Thomas Beggerly was stopped on the Danthe condition of the rebel forces in Tennessee style that no man of taste can complain of the ville pike, about three miles from Lebanon, as being awful. Hines' men are doubtless out of the State ere this. His little raid bear in mind the style in which they are put manded his "money or his life." On being didn't pay. Moore goes back in a day or two.

being drunk, but not disorderly; Mary was discharged.

John Kinney was charged with abusing his family; in consideration of this being his first appearance, his own bond was taken to be a good boy for three months.

Commonwealth by Henrietta Dinkelspiel vs. Moses Black and wife, charged with beating and abusing Mrs. Dinkelspiel; own bond

Albert Baker, charged with stealing sixteen dollars from Rickie Miller; Mr. Baker was dismissed, there not being the least proof that he took the money.

THE CITY.- We generally make it a duty in times of excitement like the present to keep cool, but if our pockets, hat and boots were filled with ice yesterday, we would have anice time trying to keep cool. Old Sol put in his best licks surely and came down a nick or two lower than he has had the impudence to come for some time. The ladies were out en masse, screening their pretty faces from the scorching rays of the ungenerous sun. The city was unusually quiet. Business was rather "on the brisk" There was nothing unnsual transpired in the city that was wor

Since the work of enrolling has commenced in our midst quite a number of deseriers have been arrested by the special offi- Temple. Go to-night and see it, and you will probably arose from the fact that the General cers under the supervision of Captain George W. Womack, the District Provost Marshal, who is progressing finely in the work of enrolling, preparatory to the commencement of the draft. The following deserters were arrested yesterday :

Louis Butler, co B, 28th Ky. Ed Omealy, co G, 28th Ky. Hugh Keys, co H, 4th Ky cav. Wm McKabe, co H, 4th Ky cav. Jos Enderlin, stone's battery.

Hon. Nat. Wolfe addressed the people of Jefferson county at Brunerstown, on 8aturday last, and at Lagrange on Monday, county court day. The assemblage on both occasions was very large and enthusiastic. Mr. Wolfe's remarks were very impressive, and were received with enthusiasm by the entire multitude present, who went home fully impressed with the fact that he will be "the right man in the right place."

GEO. WALKER SHOT .- We learn that Geo. Walker was riding in a buggy last evening about 7 o'clock, when he was met at the corner of Preston and Green streets by a man named Ed. Parker; a fracus ensued during which Parker drew a pistol and shot Walker twice, one ball passing through his neck and another entering his head. He was alive last night. We could learn no particulars of the

ARRESTED -A man has been arrested in New York by a detective, who is supposed to be one of the party who broke jail in this city several days ago. The men who escaped from the jail in this city were the same who threw snuff in Mr. Werne's eyes and then robbed his jewerly store, some time ago.

We learned from a passenger on the Nashville train, that a lot of highway robbers. in the guise of Confederate soldiers, stopped the little mail messenger, back of Elizabethtown, on Monday, took the mail bag from him and carried it off to rife its contents.

The train from Nashville arrived on time last evening, having come through without any hindrance whatever. All was quiet along the entire route, not a rebel being heard of, with the exception of a few who were re ported to be back of Elizabethtown.

KILLED -A valuable mule was killed on the corner of Second and Main streets yesterday, by being caught upon the tongue of an omnibus. It was the property of the Louisville and Portland Railroad Company.

We acknowledge the receipt, Tuesday morning, of a magnificent boquet, for which we extend our best wishes and thanks to the fair young lady who so kindly remembered

Ninety-three rebel prisoners were sent to Baltimore, Md., yesterday, from the Military Prison in this city.

Perhaps cur readers remember that a man named George Davis, who was boarding at the Louisville Hotel last winter, and who was supposed to be deranged, took sick and was removed to a hospital, where he suddenly died, in February, having at the time of remains were conveyed to Cave Hill Cemetery been ever since, and his effects bave been depetent lawyer of this city. Nothing was in lieved that he was a man of means, and from the South, the rebellion having preyed of Fort Donelson and Clarksville. upon his mind until he was driven to insanity. A letter was received by the Chief of Police yesterday, from his wife in small children in a sad and destitute condition. From her history of him, he must have been a may of immense wealth before the rebellion broke out, and by profession a physician of the first class, with an immense practice. She intends coming through the lines fir his remains and the large amount of money

to announce the death of this young man, which occurred on Saturday evening, under the following circumstances: He was with the trast between their present condition and berebel Hines' cavalry at New Salem Church, when Capt. Hare's company of Federal cavturns. He was buried on the spot where he a great many others in this State, was blindlove and existence-and who unfortunately irons. parting tear for him they loved. His remains will be brought home for interment.

NATIONAL HOTEL .- One of the best kept improvements made within the house has all who are guests. It has lately received a new coat of paint inside and out; the rooms are siry and commodious; in fact, there is ure and comfort of the building, and which makes one feel at home in this city. The dining room is large and comfortable, the tables are attended to by the most attentive and obliging waiters that can be found anymake it his business to see that every table is feature of his face was recognizable. manner in which they are gotten up, if he will

On Sunday evening information was road. received at headquarters to the effect that a was about to make his escape upon a horse that was saddled and tied at the back part of were asleep. the house; but he was caught and taken to the military prison, as was also the gentleman and his son, and one other -all occupents of

city that most of the young men who were with Hipes, the rebel, in the fight near Bards town, were young men from Oldham county. Kentucky, which has caused no little uneasipess on the part of a number of parents who have sons in the rebelarmy. We are informed that there was not a member in that gang from Oldham county at all. It is only a re

KANE'S PANORAKA. -It is seldom that a panorama ever attracts such large and fashionable audiences; but we are satisfied that Kane's panorama of the Arctic Regions gives is building a military railroad from Nicholasuniversal satisfaction to the largest and most ville to Danville, which has been going the fashionable audiences nightly at the Mosonic rounds of the press, is incorrect. The rumor not regret it, for really it is worth visiting.

The following members of Kentucky regiments reported at and were transferred from Barracks No. 1 to their regiments, on the

15th of June, 1863 : Fred Walter, co D, 15th.
Jerry McPeters, co G, 7th.
J P Todhunter, co C, 9th cav.
Eli Decker, co G, 12th cav.
Wm Ashley, co G, 12th cav.
Preston Sloan, co D, 8th cav.

The following is a list of men who reported at, and were transferred from, Barracks No. 1, during the 15th of June, 1863:

Whole number reported. Transferred to Nashville

To night "Herne, the Hunter," will be repeated at the theater. There was a very good audience present last night. In addition to this, the laughable comedy of "Loan of a Lover " will be produced. Go to-night, ss it will be the last time the play of "Herne" will be produced.

two comrades, who have been detailed for exchange, some time on duty at the Medical Director's office in this city, were ordered to report to their regiments yesterday. They have been here on duty for some time.

Attention is invited to a list of Hon. Nathaniel Wolfe's appointments, beginning at editor? Jericho, on Monday next. We trust that our friends at those places named will make due efforts to get out as many as possible to hear

A man named Frank Lee was arrested yesterday by order of Major Fitch, who is charged with encouraging and aiding soldiers to desert from the Federal army. He will go South perhaps for the benefit of his health.

Will the workmen engaged in repairng the cistern on the corner of Ciay and Jefferson streets put some kind of a guard around the cistern at nigh.? It is a dangerous Hon. Robert Mallory's Appointments. place to man and beast.

There was very little done in the military or civil circles yesterday. But very few, if any, arrests were made.

Mr. Hester has our thanks for Cincin nati papers. Hester is a live messenger of the Adams Express Company.

We are glad to notice the improvements being made on the crossings on Main street in several places.

Remember the examination commence at the Female High School this morning. Nine officers reported at Col. Mundy's headquarters yesterday.

Our Clarksville Letter.

[Correspondence of the Louisville Democrat.] MONDAY EVENING, June 15, 1863. Messrs. Editors: The troops along the Cumerland river have been organized into a rehis death a very large sum of money. His serve corps, under command of Msj. Gen. and placed in a vault there, where they have Nashville. Brig. Gen. R. S. Granger has been Gordon Granger, with his headquarters at assigned to the command of the Third division. posited, with his will, in the hands of a comform the First brigade of the Third division. reality known concerning the history of this The new arrangement, without doubt, will reman at the time, though it was generally be sult in many important changes. Col. Bruce, being the ranking officer, assumes command

The river is falling very fast, with not over twenty inches on the shoals. There is a large amount of Government freight at Smithland Columbus, Ga., who states, that by the death to be transhipped for Nashville, but the low of her husband she has been left with three stage of water will render transhipment impossible. The boats are hurrying out of the river as fast as possible, and as we see each one depart we bid it adieu for the season. We have had the June rise, and the Cumberland during the summer months will remain but a narrow, slow, winding, shallow stream.

Major Heap, of the Paymaster Department, arrived last night, and will commence paying DEATH OF JAMES OLDHAM.—We are pained off the command to-morrow. The Major happened slong in the "nick" of time, as the boys are low in cash, and keenly feel the coning "flusb."

The report of Captain Peterson, Assistant Inspector General on General Rosecraps' staff, is at hand. The report speaks in flattering terms of the fine discipline of this command. A warm and just tribute is paid to the zeal and efficiency of Colonel Bruce as an officer. The Quartermaster, Commissary and Provest Marshal Departments, are pronounced to be in an excellent condition.

Sprague's minstrels are playing to crowded houses nightly here. The weather is dry, and the air sultry-almost suffocating. Н. В.

BARRACKS No. 1, LOUISVILLE, June 16. MESSRS. EDITORS: The following named

tucky regiments who had reported at these Barracks and been transferred to their regi-

Lawson Williams, co B, 22d.
Charles Chan-on, co B, 27th.
Wm R:chards, co B, 1st.
Wm Chisswell, co I, 12th.
Joseph orane, co E, 20th.
E Hamlin, co E, 20th.
Frank Neely, 2d.
8 F Keith, co F, 1st.
William Cooper, 2d zav.
Alfred Armor, 12th cav,
LEVI LINN, Recording Clerk.

SUDDEN DEATH .- Lieut, Mobberly, of the Ninth Kentucky cavalry, ate some cove oysters in Jamestown, on the 3d inst. A short time after eating them he was taken violently ill, and died on the 5th inst. He was a most estimable young man, a good officer, and well liked by his whole regiment. It is supposed that he was poisoned by eating the oysters. He was brought to Lebanon on the 6th inst. There never was a corpse more swolen. No

OUTRAGE .- On Tuesday evening last, Mr. by some person or persons unknown, who dedown. If there is a first-class hotel, with clever gentlemen to stay with anywhere, we think it is the National. Try it awhile and stirrup-leather and hung him to a limb until he was almost dead, and then left him in the

> KENTUCKY REBEL TROOPS KILLED .- In one rebel was secreted in the house of a gentle- of the late skirmisnes on the Cumberland, man living on First street. Lieut. Garretty Wallace Graves, of Scott county, Kentucky, and a guard went up to the residence of the Gane's Regiment, Morgan's command, was aforesaid gentleman, and after some little killed. Two members of the same regiment, strategy being used, it was found that the rebel named Jack Holland and Henry Anderson, of -who was a deserter from Cluke's regiment- Harrison county, Kentucky, were also killed recently by a tree falling on them while they

REBEL CONSCRIPTS ENLISTING IN THE FED-ERAL ARMY .- Two hundred East Tennesseans, who were conscripted by the rebel Government, and subsequently captured by our It has been currently reported in the forces, passed through Covington, Monday, wearing the Federal uniform, they having taken the cath of allegiance to the United States, and enlisted in the national army.

> ARMY AWARD .- Lieutenant-Co'onel Kilburn, Chief Commissary at Cincinnati, Monday awarded a contract to Mr. Clocker to furnish the army in Kentucky with fresh beef at \$4 64 per 100 lbs, for the coming four months. This contract will amount to about \$300,000, and is considered a good one for the Government.

> A MISTAKE.—The report that Gen. Burnside is constructing a plank road between Stanford and Somerset.

> Capt. J. Edward Stacey, Second Kentucky volunteers, and serving on the staff of Gen. C. C. Gilbert, has been dishonorably discharged from the service, and ordered beyond the lines of our army, not to return during the war.

It has been reported upon rebel authority that the rebel Gen. Forrest was shot and killed at Spring Hill, Tennessee, the other day, by one of his lieutenants whom he had mistreated.

We learn that the Louisville Post Silver Band is progressing finely with their rehearsals. They intend to make their first appearance on the Fourth of July.

Parson Brownlow seized a lot of nine thousand pounds of bacon in Nashville on Saturday. He is doing a land-office business in the way of seizures.

Four thousand rebel prisoners arrived at Fort Delaware a few days ago. Upward of ORDERED AWAY .- Sergeant Cummings and 6,500 have been sent there from the West for

The Central Kentuckian, published at Lebanon, Ky., after resting a spell, has made its appearance again, looking as neat as ever Will G. W. Jones, President of the

Saddler's Association, please call on our local The train from Nasnville brought up a

Hon. Nat. Wolfe. Candidate for Congress in this district, will speak at the following times and places, viz:

few prisoners last evening.

Jericho, Monday, June 22. Pleasureville, Tuesday, June 23. Lockport, Wednesday, June 24. Port Royal, Thursday, June 25. Campbellsburg, Friday, June 26. Speaking will commence at 1 o'clock, P. M

Mr. Mallory will speak as follows during the Tuesday, 16th—Liberty.
Wednesday, 17th—Lusby Mills,
Thursday, 18th—Harmony.
Friday, 19th—Monterey.
Saturday, 20th—Lockport.
Monday, 22d—Pleasureville.

Captain Heady, the Union candidate for Congress in the Fourth District, will ad-dress the people at the following times and Forks of Casey Ceek, Adair of ., Tuesdey, Rinerson's Precinct, Casey co., Wednesday, June 17. Haysville, Marion co., Thursday, June 18.

Hon. Aaron Harding is invited to attend.
Speaking at 1 o'clock P. M. my9 d&wtje18
CEDAE FOREST, KY.

LOCAL NOTICES.

JOB PRINTING. The Job DEPARTMENT in the Democrat Office is now ready for all kinds of printing. Bills, Circulars, Cards, Posters, &c., LOUISVILLE. printed at the shortest possible notice, and at prices to suit the times.

Our readers are reminded of the large of Messrs. Harris & Chatfield, of liquors, groceries, boots and shoes, and dryggoods, at ten o'clock, to which will be added queensware, and chiva, Western Reserve cheese, brooms and ground coffee, with many other articles, not advertised, in the grocery line. We advise buyers to attend, as we are informed the entire stock is to be closed out.

Mr. C. C. Spencer has a sale of fine furniture this morning, at 10 o'clock, at a pri-vate residence on Broadway, between Sixth and Seventh, to which special attention is

When you stop in Seymour, Indians, go to Johnson's news office, opposite the O. and M. R. R. depot for daily and weekly papers, books, magazines, novels, fine stationery, my2 desat3m Scott, Keen & Co., corner Sixth and Main streets, have just received a large and select stock of fine clothing and

my23 dtf COMPLIMENTARY .- Rev. Wm. Cutter, editor Mother's Magazine, New York, after using Mrs. S. A. Allen's World's Hair Restorer and Zylobalsamum, writes: "My hair is changed to its natural color, and growing on bald spot, &c. I should be glad to have you use my

furnishing goods.

name when it can do you any good." Sold by druggists everywhere. Depot, 193 Greenwich street, New York. je12 deod3

THE ENROLLMENT.—Judge Monroe, of the county court, is authorized to take affidavits and give certificates to persons claiming exemption from the draft. He will furnish the printed forms. The oath of the party must be sustained by that of two persons, residents of the same town or county of the applicant of the same town or county of the applicant, and they must be heads of families. Where exemption is claimed on account of age, the affidavit of the parent is necessary.

Domestic.—Pure Ohio Catawba Brandy, manufactured from the catawba grape, much purer and cheaper in price than the branies of the Old World. Invalids recovering from sickness, persons laboring under dyspepsia, persons of delicate constitutions, or aged persons requiring a stimulant would describe the property of the constitutions. sous requiring a stimulant, would do well to try the Catawba Brandy. Call at Raymond & Tyler's, No. 74, Fourth street, near Main.

Flags, wholesale and retail, at J. Sues Fine black dress suits at Scott, Keen & Co.'s, corner Sixth and Main streets. Warranted equal to the best custom work. my23 dtf

AGRICULTURAL COLLEGE OF KENTUCKY.
At a recent meeting of the Board of Directors
of the Kentucky State Agricultural Society, the following was unanimously adopted:

Resolved, That the Board of the State Agricultural Society accept the appointment conferred on them by the last session of the Leg islature of Kentucky, under which they are authorized to locate the site of the Agricultural College authorized by act of Congress; and that the Secretary of this Society be directed to advertise in the public prints of the State that sealed proposals will be received by this Board until the 15th day of September, 1863 from the various counties of the State. 1863, from the various counties of the State, for the location of said College in such counties. Communications to be addressed to L. J. Bradford, President Agricultural Society, Augusta, Ky.

JAS. S. WALLACE, Sec'y Ky. State Agricultural Society.
je14 Wed&Sun&wlm

ROOFING .- The attention of the public is called to my elastic paint and roofing cement, which is considered by all who have tested it to be the best and cheapest material of the kind now in use for tin, iron, or metal roofs. C. Coggeshall, Jefferson street, between Fourth and Fifth, Louisville, Ky. je10 tf

Money belts, large bill wallets, port-aonaies, and pocket books, of all kinds, at J. Sues'. The largest and best assortment of

gents' furnishing goods to be found in the city is at Scott, Keen & Co.'s, corner Sixth and Main Streets. my23 dtf We take pleasure in calling atten tion of our lady friends to the world-wide popularity of the Wheeler & Wilson sewing

nachine. The felling attachment is acknowledged the most wonderful and useful of all inventions, while the praises for the braider are in the mouth of all who have seen the beautiful embroidery done with it. Over 110,000 ladies can testify to the excellence and superiority of these machines, which combine all the advantages of all other machines. The salesrooms may be found at No. 1, Masonic Temple, where all are cordially invited to call and assume the sales of the call and assume the sales of th rited to call and examine their operations for

Mesers, Green & Green, corner Main and Fourth streets, are just in receipt of a stock of ladies' fiding has of the very latest styles, and the newest trimmings. Ladies who wish to look really elegant will not fail to see these hats. They are equally suitable for walking or the carriage. This house has also a complete stock of everything in the hat and gents' furnishing live.

For boys' and youths' clothing go to Scott, Keen & Co.'s, corner Sixth and my23 dtf UNITED STATES REVENUE STAMPS .- I have on hand and will constantly keep a full sup

ply of the above stamps.

Persons ordering by mail may depend upon having their orders filled by return mail. Office in Customhouse.

PHILIP SPEED,

Col. Int. Rev. 3d Dis. Kentucky. md3 26m

"THE PHILOSOPHY OF DRESS."-Lectures "THE PHILOSOPHY OF DRESS."—Lectures upon this interesting subject are given daily (admission free) by J. M. Armstrong, at his mens' and boys' clothing house—"Main street, opposite the National." Thirty thousand dollars' worth of fine clothing on exhibition.

Our Dr. John Bull is a Napoleon in his sphere of action. His cedron bitters bid fair to clear the field of all rivals. je4 dtf

If you want a good fitting shirt go to Scott, Keen & Co.'s, corner Sixth and Main streets. my23 dtf

WANTED! WANTED!-Gold, Silver, Demand Notes and Southern money, for which I will pay the highest prices, at my office, Third street, one door north of Green, next to the

Capital Drugstore.

Julius Mendel, Broker. PIANOS.—For the cheapest and best finished and toned pianos in the city, go to the man-nfactory and warerooms of Hinzen & Rosan,

Market street, north side, between Sixth and Seventh, Louisville, Ky. NOTICE.—Subscribers taken for the "Chicago Times," at 80 cents per month.
W. Scott Glore, Agent,
Corner of Third and Jefferson.

A large assortment of business suits at Scott, Keen & Co.'s, corner Sixth and Main streets. my25 dtf The pole-evil, big-head, swiney and scratches, as well as all other external diseased of horses and cattle, are permanently cured by Dr. Bettison's well known English Horse Lini-

Main depot on corner Market and Eleventh streets, Louisville, Ky., at W. C. Coleman's drug store.
Sold by every druggist in the city and coun

MARRIED.

June 11th, 1863, by Rev. J. Ditzler, Mr. J. McDowell and M'ss Rachel Mappin, of Pewee Valley. Missouri Republican please copy. DIED.

In Jefferson county, on the morning of the 16th June.
RCHIB QUARRIER, infant son of Claudius and Julia A.
uvail, aged three months. The friends of the family are invited to meet the re ains at Cave Hill Cemetery, at 10% o'clock, on We ing the 17th. In Jefferson county, Ky., on the 10th of June, 1863, of inflammation of the brain, Frances Elizabeth Law Rence, daughter of Dr. Wm. L. and Fannie Harboid, aged 3 years, six months and fifteen days.

Sweet little one, thy life's young bud Was aip: ed by De-th's untimely frost, Ere yet its opening bloom had shown The world the beauty it had lost.

But better far for thee to die, And shun this blitter world of ours, Than s ay to feel the raging storm, That often ch. lis the sweetest flowers. For calm is thy unbroken sleep,
And lovely flow rs shall o'er thee blood
And pearly dew droos ni. htty weep,
Upon thy lovely sisters' tombs. O, could I cast these robes of life, In caim repose like thee to lie, And w ske no more to feel the thorns That pierce my heart, how sweet to die. SPECIAL NOTICES.

NASHVILLE,

43 College st eet.

SUMMER SOFT HATS, Refined Carbon Oil,

SHIRTS AND UNDERWEAR

MADE TO ORDER FROM MEASUREMENT Military Hats, Caps, and Trim-

mings to Order. WEST BADEN SPRINGS, IND.

Tels popular establishment is now open for the recep ion of boarders, either for health or pleasure. These Springs, for medicinal qualities, are not surpassed by any in the West: and all those who wish a quiet retreat

will find it there.

Terms of Board—\$1 50 per day; \$7 per week; \$24 for Terms of Board—91 Noper cast 97 per week; 924 for four weeks; children and servants half price. For further particulars inquire of Judge W. F. Bul-lock. All communications addressed to West Baden Springs, Ind., will have the benefit of a daily mail. Get and arrive the same day at the Springs. Fare through \$3 75. m29 dtjy1* Dr. J. A. LANE, Proprietor.

FOURTH STREET,

LOUISVILLE, KY.

JUST RECEIVED BY EXPRESS A

Bonnets,
Hats,
Ribbons,
Flowers,
Laces, English Crapes, Crape Veils, Handkerchiefs,

Fans, Combs, Brushes, Perfumery, Cosmetics.

And on sale low for cash.

DRESS HATS made to order, and all orders promptly and faithfully filled. MRS. J. A. BEATTIE. mr17 d3m HAVE YOU

A head of Hair, or Whiskers or Moustaches, of an unb Wish to change that color to a handsome deep brown, or a perfect and natu al black, without injury to the THEN YOU

Must use CRISTADORO'S EXCELSIOR DYE, which is the only harmless, certain, instantaneous and tru y natural Hair Dye in the world. SHOULD YOU ubt these statements, try the article, and if it falls

Manufactured by J CRISTADORO, 6 Astor House, New ork. Sold everywhere, and applied by all Hair Price \$1, \$1 50 and \$3 per box, according to size.
my26 deod&wim No. 4. Cri-tadoro's Hair Preservative.

Is invaluable with his Dye, as it imparts the utmost softness, the most beautiful gloss, and great vitality to the Hair.

Prece 50 cents, \$1 and \$:per bottle, according t fe26 dawly AUGUST ELECTION.

FOR STATE SENATE. Hon. ISAAC P. MILLER is a can idate for receion to the St te Sena e at the Augu t election, fine country of Jefferson, and the First, Second, Tend Eleventh Wards, of the city of Louisville. FOR CONGRESS-FIRST DISTRICT.

We are authorized to announce N. N. COWGILI Hickman, Fulton courty, Ky., as a candidate for cress, in the First District. FOR CONGRESS-SECOND DISTRICT. THOMAS S. BROWN, Fsq., late representative in the Kentucky Legislature, from Johnson county, is an inde-pendent Union candidate for Congress, against Hon W. H. Wadsworth. Major WM. R. KINNEY is a candidate for Congress n the Second Congressional District, at the ensuin mhl7 dawte

FOR CONGRESS-THIRD DISTRICT. R. M. BRADLEY, Esq., of Garrard county, is an independent Union candidate for Congress, against W. H. Randall, the number of the Union Convention, jet Hon. HENRY GRIDER is a candidate for Congress, in he Third District.

FOR CONGRESS-FOURTH DISTRICT. Weare authorized to announce Capt. W. J. HEADY s a candidate for Congress, in the Fourth District. mh5 d&wte* FOR THE LEGISLATURE.

BOYD WINCHESTER is a candidate for the Legisla are, in Jefferson county.

SHELBY COLLEGE LOTTERY. Drawing Daily, at 12 M. and 5 P. M.

Office No. 308 Jefferson street (up stairs), bet. Third nd Fourth.

JUST RECEIVED,

Men's and Boys' Brown Felt Hats,

Men's and Boys' Fearl and Bi'k Felt Hats. Men's and Boys' White and Buff Felt Hats,

New Style Military Hats, New Style Military Caps, Men's and Boys' Straw Hats and Caps.

429 MAIN STREET. F. H. HEGAN, Manufacturer of Gitt Work and Dealer in French and American Window-Glass, Wall Paper, Looking-

PRATHER & SMITH.

Glasses, Photograph and Ambrotype Materials, cular attention is called to my asser ment of fine ings, colored and uncolored, to which I am conadding the newest and best publications as they cally its first publishing houses of Europe and America.

My factory for Gilt Work is fitted with the most approved machinery, and my facilities unsurpassed for furnishing Gilt Frames, oval and square, of new and elegant designs, at the lowest rates.

Special atten ion given to the framing of Photographs, Engravings, &c.

jel6 d.sem

REMOVAL.

BOULIER & COCHRAN

HAVE REMOVED TO THE LARGE NEW STORE.

If No. 215 Fifth Street, nearly opposite their old stand, where, with incre-sed facilities in shop, and ware-rooms of ample size, they hope to see whelr old out-tomers and tiract many new ones.

They will continue to keep on hand a large stock of every thing in their line, particularly Tin, Co-per and Sheet Iron Ware; Cooking and Henting Stoves; Plate and Britannia Ware; Housek epers' Hardware; French and Eritannia Ware; Housek epers' Hardware; French and Eritsh, Japanned, Enameled and Pressed ware: Refrigerators and Water Coolers which they offer at reasonable prices wholesale and retail. Particular at tention paid to ROOFING, SPOUTING, GUTTERING, and all kinds of outdoor work

BOURLIER & COCHRAN, 215 Fifth st., (Cotton's Block), bet. Main & Market, Jel7 d2m

NOTICE.

THE EXAMINATION OF APPLICANTS FOR THE Male and F. male High Schools, and the following subjects, viz: Arithmetic, English color, and the following subjects, viz: Arithmetic, English of the

NOTICE. THE EXAMINATION OF TEACHERS FOR THE Ward Schools, will take place on the 29th and 30th of June. and the ist of July, at the Female High School. Applicants desl ing cards of a stimistion, will call at my office, at the Famile High School, and procure them previous to the Examination, jel6 dl2

J. P. GHEEN, Sec'y B. T. P. S. WANTED.

A PARTNER WIFH \$1,800 CASH, TO TAKE AN equal share in a very profitable established business doing a good trade. For particulars address Box 1,218, Louisville. Ky. jel3 d3* Horse Wanted. ANY PERSON HAVING A GENTLE, sale a. 1925 cash, can find a purchaser by addressing T, through Postoffice, jel7 dl

LOUISVILLE CARBON AND COAL OIL WORKS.

Wm. Skene & Co.,

MANUFACTURERS OF

Paint Dryer.

Refined Coal Oil. Extra Lard Oil, Pure Rosin Oils, Headlight Oil, R, R. Fish Oils, Lubricating Petroleum. Benzole and Naptha

Car and Axle Grease,

AND WHOLESALE DEALERS IN SPERM, WHALE, SEAL, AND OTHER CILS SUITABLE FOR BURNING.

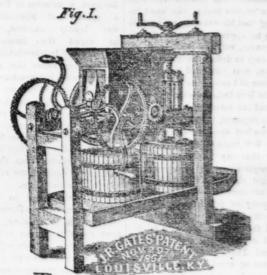
Manufacturers of Coal and Carbon Oil Lamps of every description, from the cheapest Kitchen Hand Lamp to rich Parlor or Church Lamp, with Marble Bases, and most approved Burners, Wicks, Shade Chimneys, Globe Brushes, Lamp Trimming, &c., &c.

AGENTS FOR JUDSON'S TRANSPARENT CONES.

Warehouse and Store, Bullitt Street.

Carbon and Coal Oil Works, Corner Sixteenth and High Streets.

Lard Oil and Lamp Factory, Bullitt st., bet. Main and Water. KENTUCKY CIDER AND WINE MILL



GATES SE ISSUED NOVEMBER 29, 1861.

For Sale by J. D. BONDURANT. THE ABOVE CUT REPRESENTS THE MOST PERFECT HAND CIDER MILL THAT HAS EVER BEEN defered to the public. The first of these machines was completed late in the season of 1800, and so great has been the demand for them. that in this market alone we have sold over 360 machines, and have never yet had a SINGLE COMPLAINT. We have no bestituney in say not, that such curvessal SUCCASS IS UNDAR-LILLIED in the history of any new invention. This is the more remarkable when we take into account the military troubles, which have confined our trade since is introduction to a very lim ted amount of territory. Every farmer knows the advantages of

LIGHT, STRONG, PORTABLE AND CONVENIENT HAND MILL.

This Mill has two tubs, when one of which is filled, it is slipped on the platform, under the screw press, which is sufficiently strong to press the punice perfectly dry, while the other tub is placed under the crusher again, thus obvia ing the labor of shoveling the punice into the press tab, as on other machines. It is also admirably adapted for crushing and pressing Grapes. The red into the press tab, as on other machines. It is also admirably adapted motion they are pressed against the cylinder, tearing fevery grape to pieces as it passes into the tub. It also makes an excellent Cheese Press or Lard Press, and only occupies a space two by four feet. It has two granks for hand, and a band wheel for power, and only occupies a space two by four feet. It has two granks we claim over all others yet offered to the public, the following advantages:

1st. A greater amount of efficiency with less weight and exp use.

2d. It will cruch and press more apples in a given time with less power.

3d. It is less liable to get out of order, the list arranged to run by hand or power.

3th. It is arranged to run by hand or power.

3th. It is more convenient. By two thumb screws the hopper is turned upside down, and every part exposed to view for cleanin;.

6th. It is better adapted to other runoses than any other.

7th. It will make eight barrels of cider per day.

PRICE..... Liberal iscount to the trade, J. D. BONDURANT,

IMPROVED FOR 1863. THE ONLY PERFECT COMBINED MACHINE IN USE.

Having Two Distinct Motions, A Slow Motion to the Sickle in Reaping, A Fast Motion to the Knife in Mowing. DY THIS IMPROVEMENT WE ENTIRELY AVOID THE GREAT DIFFICULTY HERSTOFORE FOUND in all Combined Machines having but one speed, which is too rapid for reasing and too slow for mowing, causing unnecessary wext and to up of the Machine in reasing as well as increased draft.

The cutting apparatus of the Harves on has been so changed and improved for 1853 that we well warrant if to most where any other machine ever did or can more.

We have also placed a Spring Seat on our Machine for the driver, which gives him greater command over his team and machine, as well as perfect case, secur ty and comfort in driving. These improvements make this Machine the very perfection of a combination, doing perfectly the work of two machines.

THE KENTUCKY BROAD GAUGE REAPER, CUTS A SWATH SEVEN FEET WIDE.

Price, Including Doubletree, Neckycke, &c., Complete, \$150 Cash.

• This Machine is only int-nded for Reaping, and was introduced by us in 1860, and is a complete success.
1 is designed for the use of v.ry large grain growers, and is capable of cutting from 20 to 25 acres of any kind of grain per day with ease.

THE KENTUCKY CLIPPER, A TWO WHEEL IRON MOWER.

GENTLEM N-I have tried your Kentucky Clipper in the same field with a "Buckeye," cutting clover and timothy. The ground was very rough, and consequently ne ther machine could cut v-ry close; but there was a vast difference between the cut of the Buckeye and the cut of the Clipper. The Clipper's work was at least team's team's the best. The Buckeye can cut at little more than the Clipper for two reasons, viz. It cuts a little wider (but very I title), and the team is come elled to vality frater to make it cut at all; but while I was in the field with the Clipper, I cut the most, for the Buckeye was detained for repairs, with his is the great difficulty with the Buckeye—it is so constructed that it must sharter to pieces in two seasons. I am perfectly satisfied I would rather have the Clipper at the same price. I do not talk that the draft of the Clipper is much more than half that of the Buckeye.

Respectfully, yours,

MILLER & MOORE, Manufacturers.

Louisville Female High School. Programme of Oral Examination.

WEDNESDAY, JUNE 17. **HAMMEDIAT, JUNE 17.

8½ A. M.—Latin Grammar and Reader; third grad

9½ A. M.—Cicer's Orations; first grade.

10½ A. M.—Botany; third grade.

11½ A. M.—French: second grade.

12½ P. M.—Geometry; first grade. THURSDAY, JUNE 18.

8½ A. M.—French: first grade:
9½ A. M.—Algebra: third gr de;
10.5 A. M.—Intellectual Philosophy; first grade.
11½ A. M.—Latin—Cassa; second grade.
12½ F. M.—Natural His ory; first grade. 12% F. M.—Natural His ory; urs grade.

At the close of the examination of each class, exerises in reading, composition, and vocal and instrumental music will take place. The public are cordially
myited to attend these examinations,
jel6 d8 G. A. CHASE, Principal.

NEW GOODS.

LADIES' CONGRESS LASTING GAITERS;

Do side lace do do;

Do Kid Boots, fine:

Do Silps and Buskins;

M'sses' Lasting side lace and Concress Gaiters;

Children's do do do do;

Men's French Calf Boots;

Do fine Lastin: Congress Gaiters;

Do do do Ox ords;

We have Ladles', Misses' and Children's Gaiters of las season in good order, for sale very low.

jel0 Market st. 2d door above Third.

NOTICE.

WE ARE IN RECEIPT OF CONSIGNMENTS Of the following goods, to which we call the attention ers: Lee's (H. L. P. & Co.) Soda; Indigo in and 5 lb boxes; Claret Wine;

Glaret Wine; Sparkling Cutawba; Vi ginia Chewing Tobacco; Kenbucky do do; in all s'yles; Cologne Spirits; Colome Spirits;
Alcohoi;
Pat Bourbon Whisky;
New Copper dv;
Pike's Mamolia do;
Riller's Old Bourion, old and pure;
Choice Havana Cigars.
MITCHELL & DEAN,
General Commission Merchants
Main street, near First.

JUST RECEIVED.—A LARGE LOT OF WIRE Cover and Hair Sleves, and The Tollet Setts OURLIER & COCHRAN.

jel? 215 Fifth st., bet. Main and Market.

EAGLE SHOE STORE WE ARE NOW RECEIVING A LARGE SUPPLY OF BOOTS and SHOES from the manufacturers. LIST OF PRICES. oman's pegged heel Be oman's extra quality. oman's Kid heel Buski adies' Lasting Buskins. adles' Kid Busk ns. issee' Lasting Gniters. issee' Kid Congress Gai hildren's Shoes.

Now being received, and for sale at reduced prices

CITY HOTEL. EAST SIDE PUBLIC SQUARE, NASHVILLE, TENN.

J. R. WINBOURN & CO., Proprietors The Gem of the Season, Just Published. Oh, Give Me Back the Dreams of Youth;"

Western Seed and Agricultural Warehouse,

Price at Louisville, \$120, Cash.

imple, durable, and compact Mowing Machine ever invented, and we will warrant its Mowing qualities equal to bose of any other Machine in use.

Among the points of excellence in this machine may be enumerated:

**First—It has two independent driving wheels, both drivers (vet with but one set of gear). The wheels are ach coupled to the shaft by a pash and ratchet, othat in backing the machine is always out of gear, yet when nowing forward may be thrown in or out of gear at pleasure.

**Second—The cutter-bar is jointed or hinged so as to readily adjust itself to uneven surfaces, and is easily also be raised and folded over in rear of the frame, it is made of the lest cast steel, but ried and strong.

**Third—The entire machine, with the exception of the to-gue, is made of iron and steel, yet very light, weighing less than 600 pout. S. Width of swath, four feet three inches. PRICE AT THE FACTORY, \$100, CASH.

D. P. FAULDS. 232 Main street bet, Second and Third

Words by Thos. B. Long—music by Frq., Julius C. Meininger: price 25 cents.

THIS 18 WITHOUT DOUBT MUCH THE BEST

song of the season, and is bound to have a tremendous run.

jel6 310 Jefferson street, Louisville, Ky.

DISSOLUTION.

HE PARTNERSHIP HERETOFORE EXISTING to between the undersigned was dissolved by limita, n, on the list of April 1868. At persons having ima sgalnst said firm will present them to W. H binson for estilement, and those indebted will make

TELEGRAPHIC

Northern Bank of Kentucky against Crutchfield, Cooper & Co.
Same against W. 18 lins, Hur t & Co.
Same against E. Crutchfield, &c.
Bank of Rectucky against same.
Bank of Rectucky against same.
Bank of Rectucky against same.
Bank of Same against same.
Bank of Same against same.
The Mecha les' Bank against Ben J. Adam', &c.
Same against Crutchfield, Cooper & Co.
Same against Crutchfield, Cooper & Co.
Bank against E. Crutchfield, &c.
Heary L. Fop against Walker & Crutchfield,
Zame against E. Crutchfield, &c.
Mason Crutchfield, &c.
Mason Crutchfield, Cooper & Co.
B. J. O'Noill against same.
D. P. Hiter og inst Crutchfield, Cooper & Co.
S. J. O'Noill against & Crutchfield
L. Pope and W. H. Walker against E. Crutchfield.

DY VIRTUE OF A DECREE OF THE LOUISVILLE
Undersigned, or one of us, will, on
MONDAY, JUTS 220, 1683,
About the hour of 11 o'clock, A. M., sell, at public

MONDAY, JUNE 220, 1863,
About the hour of 11 o'clock, A. M., sell, at public auction, to the highest bidder, at the Courthouse door, in the city of Louisville, on a credit of 6, 12, 18, 24, 30 and 36 ontas, so much a may be neces arry to satisfy the decree be cin of the propert, attached herein, viz.:
The undivided fourth of t e Po khouse property of Hull, Hunt & Co., as conveyed to B. J. Adams by W. S. Hum, &c., by deed recorded in Book No. 107, page 645, situate on the east side of Bardstown Tampike road, and incidening a lot 20 feet fix at and rear, on the mertheide of the Workhouse road, and extending back to Beargrass creek. lde of the Holands.

Also, the lot on the north side of Jefferson street, con a street, con the lot on the north side of Jefferson street, con the lot of the lot of

ed to defend an Cru chileld by B. J. Adams, by uccu, rded in Book No. 100, page 312. he undivided one-half of the lot described in the diffrox E. Crutchfie d to B. J. Adams, recorded in k No. 108, page 178, fronling 293½ feet on the south of Broedway, bounded on the east by Cam: bell spert, on the south by the Hampton property, and on west by property formerly belonging to Doherty's rs. This lot may be sold entire or may be subdivided to parsely to suit, burn hasers if deemed expedient.

be west by property for serly belonging to Doherty's heles. This lot may be sold entire or may be subdivided eithe parsels to suit burn hasers if deemed expedient. The lot frontine 165 feet on Rose Lane, by 186 feet deep. The interest of Ed. Crutchfield in out 58, 59 and 69, on Hite's plan or map, and the four 1 ouses thereon, situated on the west side of First street, between Washigton and Water streets, fronting on First street? 2º feet and extending back same width 30 feet and bought of Trutchfield of R. S. striffin, being the same of which three undivided fourths are herein ordered to be coursed to H. Pope and W. H. Walker.

Two loot, beginning on the east side of Secrad street 102 feet 2 inches south of Water street, thence south with Seco. ds 1st eet 48 feet, and extending back constantly same width 30 feet to a 16-foot alley, and known as loss Nos. 10 and 11 on Hire & Ornsby's map guare: each lot fronts 24 feet and has a three-stoth of Shead street 180 feet 3 inches south of water truiting pack westwardly same width 20 feet of a 18-foot alley, and known as lots Nos. 28 and 27 on same map; each lot fronts 24 feet and has a four-storp trick house on it.

A brue and lov, beginning on the west side of First street 48 feet on 18-foot alley, and known as lots Nos. 28 and 27 on same map; each lot fronts 24 feet and has a four-storp brick house on it.

A brue and lov, beginning on the west side of First street 48 feet 10 inches and running back same width 46 feet to a 10-foot alley, and known as lots with First street 48 feet 20 inches and running back same width 46 feet to a 10-foot alley, and known as lots Nos. 28 and 27 on same map; each lot fronts 24 feet and has a four-storp brick house on it.

A brue and lov, beginning on the west side of First street 48 feet 10 inches and running back same width 46 feet to a 10-foot alley, and known as lots.

The purchaser will be required to give bond with approved security, bearing interest from date until paid, and a lien will be retained as additional security.

**Tot

Marshal's Sale. John B. Blbb, against James Stewart, &c.,) In Chancery, No. 16,270. BY VIETUE OF A DECREE OF THE LOUISVILLE Chancery Court, rendered in the above cause, the undersigned, or one of us, will, on MONDAY, JUNE 22, 1865.

MONDAY, JUNE 22, 1865.

About the hour of 11 o'clock a M., sell at public auction, to the h ghest b dder, at the Courthouse door, in the city of Louisville, on a credit of 6, and 12 months, so much so may be necessary to satisfy the decree herein of the property in pleadings mentioned, viz.

A Lo of Land in said city, on the southeast corner of Campbell and Fourths rects extended, fronting on Campbell and Fourths rects extended, fronting on Campbell street 70 feet by 200 feet deep to a 20 foot aliey.

The purch seer will be required to give bond with approved security, bearing interest from date until paid, and a lein will be retained as additional security.

THOMAS A. MORGAN, M. L. O. C. N. BEALL GANTT, Deputy.

LARGE SALE THE -OF-Thorough-bred and Trotting Stock,

On June 17 and 18, 1863. A SI PROPOSE GREATLY TO REDUCE MY BREED.

A SI PROPOSE GREATLY TO REDUCE MY BREED.

Ing Establishment of Blood and Tr-tting Horses, I
will an WEDNERDAY and THURSDAY, the 17th and
Sish days of Jane, offer at Public Auction, at Woodburn
Farm, about one bundred a d twenty-five head of
Thorough-bred and Trotting-horse Stocks, consisting of
Brood Mares, Colts and Fillies of various ages. Most of
this stock having been sci-cted by miself with considerable care, many of them being as finer; tred as any
stock can be those who essire to purchase either Blood
or Trotting Stock will do well to attend. Catalogues
will be f_rnisued upon application to Mr. D Swigers, cr
R. AITCHESON ALEXANDER,
Spring Station, Woodford county, Ky. K. ATTURESON Woodford county, Ky
Spring Station, Woodford county, Ky
A few SOUTHDOWN BUCKS will also be offered
je? db

Larue County Farm for Sale. ON THURSDAY. THE 18th DAY OF ALL.
June, 1862, 1 will sell to the highest bidder, on the premises, a very valuable farm. I ying the four miles below Hodgenville, Larue county, Kv., diately on the waters of Nolynn, and about seven from the L & N. R. The Farm contains 365 a rout 180 acres of which is cleared and in a high of cultivation, mostly set in clever and grass, the ce is finely timbered. The land is the most prove and fertile in the county, I thas good dwelling a dall nece sary out-buildings, and a fine well of in the yard. The farm is one of the very best in ounty. It is the same formerly owned by Michael whe life won the premises, and better shown as the county. It's the same formerly owned by alcase; dotter who lives on the premises, and better snown as the Weiker Farm. Persons wishing to purchase are invited to examine the farm, by calling on Michael Cotered to the place of the place ELIJAH HANSBOROUGH.

Washington County Farm for BY VIRTUE OF A DECREE OF THE Washington Circuit Co.rt. pronounced at ts May term, 1883, in the suits therein pend.

H. & A. McErroy against John Jackson, and of Moore again-t-same, I will offer for sale to the bidder, on the premises, on Saturday, June 20th, le farm, on which John Jacks in formerly lived. he sum of \$16,000.

Is a very des rable farm, having on it a large brick
ag, togethe wit all necessary out-buildings; well
rass, and plenty of good st ck water, and is only
iff mile from St. Cathar ne Female Schoo.

MS.—A cred to 6, 2 and 18 months wil be given
all in maine ts, Bond having the effect of rebonds, bearing interest from date, will be required
bonds, bearing interest from date, will be required
agency with good personal security. A lien

STEAMBOATS. For Clarksville and all way Landings.

The light draught steamer
MUSCLE, Captain He
will leave as above THIS DAY, the 13 nst., at 4 P. M.
For freight or passave apply on board, or to
B. J. CAFFREY, Agent, 137 Wall st. For Nashville and all way Landings.

The new and light draught steamer
CATAWBA. C-pt. Cookendorur.
will leave as above THIS DAY, the 17th
nst. at 4 o'clock P. M., foon the city wharf. This boa
iraws bu 10 inches when light.
For freight or passare apply on board, or to
CROPPER, PATTON & CO., Agents,
jel7
148 and 146 Fourth street. For Clarksville, Canton and Eddyville.

The fine passenger steamer MUSCLE, Hess, Master, will leave as above on 1 His DAY, she 17th ... at 50 clock P. M. at 5 e clock P. M. freight or passage apply on hoard, or to MOORHEAD & Co. Agents. UNITED STATES MAIL LINE.

For Evansville But 100 The regular packet JOHN T. McCoMBS, Ballard, Master JoHN T. McCoMBS, Ballard, Master will leav as above THIS DAY, the 17th, \$5 o'clock P. M., in place of Star Grev Eagle.

For freight or passage apply on coard, or to MoorkHEAD & CO., Agents, No. 116 Wall street. Mt. Vernon, Uniontown, Smithland, Paducah and Cairo.

The light draught steamer
CO ONNA, _____, Master reight or passage apply on board, or to MOORHEAD & CO., Agents. For Green River and Bowlinggreen. The fine steamer HETTY GILMORE, Gilmore, Mastra will leave as above on THURSDAY, the 18t

For freight or passage apply on board, or to jel6 MOOMEAD & CO., Agents. For Owensboro, Evansville, Henderson, Cairo For Owensboro, Evansville, Henderson, Calro and Memphis,
The splendid steamer
1. IBERTY No. 2. W. Conner. Master,
will le ve as above and intermediate,
ports on TUESDAY, the 16th at 6 o'clock r. m., from
Portland wharf.
For freight or passage apply on board, or to
jell T. M. ERWIN, Agent,

For Madison, Carrollton and Kentucky River.

The fine and splendid passenger boat
MASONIC GEM, Capt. John
Hamilton, will leave Louisville every
Tues tay, thursday and Saturday at 12 o'clock M., positirels, from the foot of Fourth steet,
For freight or passage apply on boar, or to
CROPPER, PATTON & CO., Agents,
Nos. 143 and 145 Fourth st. LOUISVILLE AND EVANSVILLE

U. S. MAIL BOATS. Leave Daily (Sundays excepted) 5 P. M. For Owensboro', Evansville and Henderson,

and all intermediate Landings. The splendid passenger steamers
JOHN T. McCOMBS, Capt. A. BALLARD, Leaves Mondays and Thursdays at 5 o'clock P. M. BIG GREY EAGLE, Capt. J. H. BUNCE, Leaves Tuesdays and Fridays at 5 o'clock P. M.

STAR GREY EAGLE, Capt. J. HUTSINPILLER, res Wednesdays and Saturdays at 5 o'clock P. M. Motice.

All freight and passengers must be at the Portland wharf before 5 o'clock P. M., as the boats will not be colayed after that time under any circumstance. Letters, bits of iading, packages, &c., must be left with the Agents, on Fourth street, between Main and the river, before 3 o'clock P. M.

J. H. BUNCE. Sup't. BECHANGE OF TIME !**

INCINNATI & LOUISVILLE U. S. Mail Line Steamers. Line will leave for

WERY DAY AT 12 O'CLOCK PRECISELY, ures the making of the 6 o'clock morning by railroad from Cincinnati to the North

T. L. JEFFERSON.

HINZEN & ROSEN,

PIANO-FORTE MANUFACTURERS. NORTH SIDE MARKET STREET, BETWEEN SIXTH AND SEVENTH, LOUISVILLE, KY. A LWAYS ON HAND A COMPLETE ASSORTMENT OF PIANOS AT REASONABLE PRICES.

SCOTT, KEEN & CO., Wholesale and Retail Dealers in

MEN'S, YOUTHS' & BOYS' FINE CLOTHING

AND FURNISHING GOODS.

Corner Sixth and Main Streets, Louisville, Ky.

AUCTION SALES. BY HARRIS & CHATFIELD.

ROCERIES, LIQUORS, CIGARS, TOBACCO, BOOTS
AND SHOES AND DRY GOODS, AT AUCTION.

ON WEDNESDAY MORNING, JUNE 17TH. AT 10 o clock, will be sold at auction-rooms, No. 731 Main street, bet seen Seventh and Eighth, a large as orthin to the above spoods, c. misithin in part of Cotton Rope, No. 1 Mackerel (in bbis and ½ bbis), Crab Cider, Cider Vinegar, pure old Bourbon Whisky, large empty Barrels, Tobacco, Regalia and Melee Cigars, after which, to close consignment, an assorted lot of custom-made Boots and Shoes, with a variety of Summer Dry Goods. Clothing and Millinery articles, comprising a large assorment, the whole of which will be sold.

22 The attention of city and country buyers is particularly called to this sale.

Terms cash.

HARRIS & CHATFIELD, Juctioneers. AT AUCTION.

BY C. C. SPENCER. SEWOOD PIANO AND HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE AT A PRIVATE RESIDENCE, AT AUCTION.

ON THURSDAY MORNING, JUNE 18, AT 10 O'CL'K, will be sold as a private residence, on Second street, retween Green and Walnut, the Furniture there in contained, in part as follows: Hair-seat Chairs and Bockers Center Tables. Bedsteads Cotton and Shuck Markes. Cooking Store and Kitchen Furniture, with other articles in the household line. Also one fine toned rosewood Plano. a superior instrument.

Terms cash.

1016

Special Three Days' Auction Sales BY T. ANDERSON & CO., TUESDAY, WEDNESDAY AND THURSDAY, JUNE 16TH, 17TH AND 18TH,

of Bry Goods, Clothing, Boots, Shoes, Fur and Soft Hats, &c.

ON WEDNESDAY, June 17th, at 10 A. M., will be sol 800 Lots Fancy Goods, Small Wares &c.

From the stock of a Jobber. Also 25 cartoons Heavy At 12 M., will be offered-

100 lots Boys' and Youths' fine Summer Ciothing, and dozen Men's Linen Dusters. ON THURSDAY, June 18th, at 10 o'clock A. M., will esold without reserve, an extensive stock of

Staple and Fancy Dry Goods, Consisting mostly of Piece Goods in Cassimeres, Cloths, Jeans, Sa inets, Domestics, Lawns, White Goods, and Ladie's Dress Goods, Also, Hoop Skirts, Fans, Sik Handkerchie's, Neck Ties, &c., &c.

At 12% P. M., will be sold 250 lots Men's Fashionable Ready-made Clothing,

Embracing a creat variety of strictly prime and desi-ple stock. Also, a small lot of Boys' fine Summer clo-ing suited to the best retail trade. Terms cash—bankable funds, jel4 T. ANDERSON & CO., Auct oneers.

BY C. C. SPENCER. HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, AT A PRIVATE RESI-DENCE, AT AUCTION. ON WEDNESDAY MORNING, JUNE 17th, AT TEN o'clock, will be sold at a pr vate residence, north C. C. SPENCER,

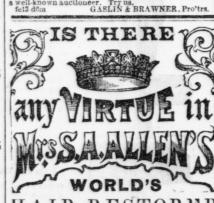
G. W. CHATFIELD. **AUCTION & COMMISSION** FEGDUSSE:

31 Main st., bet. Seventh and Eighth, s. s., Louisville HARRIS & CHATFIELD, AUCTIONEERS. CONSIGNMENTS OF MERCHANDIS decond hand Furnitare for Publi; or Pr ral cash ad varces made on consignments, Out-door Sales promptly attended to.

Refer to—Gardner & Co., Nock, Wicks & Co., Smit
Waide, Wm. L. Weller, Webb & Levering, Louisville

Auction and Commission Stable. THE UNDERSIGNED HAVE JUST OPEN.

de an Auction and Commission Stable on the north side of Market, between Exth and Seventh streets, and respectfully solicit the patronage of the public generally, and especially of those who have Horses, Mules, Wagons, or any other made on property left with us for sale. We have energed the services of Mr. E. B. Hitchens, of Cincinnati, a well-known auctioneer. Try us.



ZYLOBALSAMUM ?

Convincing Testimony.

ev. C. A. BUCKBEE, Assist at Treasurer American Bible Union, N. Y. C.ty, writes: 'I very cheerfully add my testimony to that of numerous friends, to the great value of Mrs. S. A. Allen's World's Hair Restorer and Zylo balsamum."

ev. WM. CUTTER, N. Y. City: "My hair is changed to its natural co or, and growing on bald spot."

ev. J. H. COR "BELL. N. Y. City: "I procured it for a relative. The falling of the hair stopped and restored it from being grey to its natural and beautiful color." color."
ev. J. WEST, Brooklyn, L. I.: "I will testify to their
value in the most liberal sense. They have restored
my hair where it was bald, and, where grey, to its
oricinal color."
ev. A. WEBSTER, Boston, Mass.: "I have used them
with great effect. I au now neither bald nor grey
My hair was dry and brittle; it is now soft as in
youth." youth."
v. H. V. DEGEN, Boston, Mass.: "That they promote the growth of the hair where baldness is,

Sold by Druggists throughout the World PRINCIPAL SALES OFFICE, No. 198 Greenwich Street, New-York. Numerous Certificates as above.

S. DeWITT

HARNESS AND TRUNK Manufacturer, 204 Third st., one door south of Main,

LOUISVILLE, KY. Having commenced anew the above business. I would be pl-ased to have my eld friends and customers call and see me; also, Military men who have traded with me the past two years at Mr. C. PROAL's.

NEW MILLINERY STORE. MRS. M D. GIL HRIST RESPECTFULLY generally that she has opened a Milnery Store on the south side of Jefferson street, between Fourth and Fifth, where she will be pleas d to exh her Millinery Goods to all who favor her with a call, a promptly fill all orders for the same. Orders frabroad promptly attended to.

GROVER & BAKER'S

Family Sewing Machine.

WHY IT IS BEST. 1. It is more simple, durable, and less liable to de rangement than others.
2. It sews from ordinary spools, and no rewinding of thread is necessary.
3. It sews with equal facil ty all fabrics, the most delicate, and the heaviest, with all kinds of thread, silk, setton or lipen. action, or linen.
4. I seam is so strong and elastic that it never breaks, even on the bias.
5. It fastens both ends of the seam by its own opera-6. Its seam, though cut at every sixth stitch, remains

firm, and neither runs or ravels in wear.
7. Its seam is more plump and beautiful, and retains its plumpness and beauty after washing, better than any other.
8. Its seams can be removed in altering garments, arter proper instruction, without picking or cutting them. hem. 9. Watching and varying the tension upon the three ds. 9. Watching and varying the tension upon the three discretesary in other machines, is unnecessary in this recessary in other machine, and unit of sewing may be done without the discrete discrete discrete may be done without the discrete di

Machine, any amount of sewing may be done without the state of the sewing may be done without the state of the sewing the GROVER & BAKER S. M. CO. furnish Machines he same patterns and at the same price, making either he Grover & Baker Stitch, or the Shuttle Stitch, acutatomers prefer, with the privilege of exchanging.

THE NEW ARMY CLOTHING MACHINE, No. has no early for that work h, has no equal for that work.

THE HEWMERS, BINDERS, CORDERS, BRAIDERS, QULITING GUAGES, TUCKERS, &c. of the latest and most improved styles, furnished at the lowest cash arches. rices
GROVER & BAKER'S SEWING MACHINE COTTON
ill be found superior to any other in the market. It is
substufactured by the best European manufacturer, and
uf up on spools of 500 yards, carpressly for the Grover
Balance & Balan

ng manufacturers.
GROVER & BAKER'S MACHINE TWIST. GROVER & BAKER S. M. CO., No. 5 Masonic Temple, Fourth st., bet. Market and Jefferson, W. H. GOLDERMAN, Agen

AMUSEMENTS.

Corner of Fourth and Green streets. D. Hanchett, Stage Manager | Thos. J. Carey, Treasure

duced the grand equ at ian speciacie entitled
HERNE, THE HUNTER: or, THE FOREST FIEND
AND DEMON HORSE. Herne, the Hunter, the Forest Demon...R. E. J. Miles.

St. JOHN'S DAY. JUNE 24, 1863.

tt 9 o'clock. The boat will leave at 9½ for some point jesignated by the Committee, and return at 5 p. M. PIONIC, with Orations, Music, Dancing, and general micromath through the day.

Depots for the reception of baskets will be established.

COMMITTEE. J. C. ROBINSON, Ch'n, R. C. MATHEWS, H. WEIMHOFF. EDWIN R. BISHOP, R. G. HAWKINS, C. H. FINCK, PHILL TOMPFERT, Ir., L. MILLER, J. ROTHCHILD. N. B. Tickets \$2, which can be procured of any of the above Committee.

HAIR RESTORER MASONIC TEMPLE FOR SIX NIGHTS ONLY,

Commencing Monday Evening, 15th, 1863, WILL, BE EXHIB'TED THE GREAT NATIONAL

DR. KANE'S

PAINTED ON 30,000 FEET OF CANVAS,

GRAND SOLO (in Y Minor).

Doors open at 7%: Curtain rises at 8% o'clock.

GRAND MATINEE for the accommodation of Lies and Children, on Wednesday af ernoon, at clock. ODD-FELLOWS' HALL. On Jefferson, bet. First and Second sts. (Having been thoroughly overhauled and refitted), IS OPEN FOR Balls, Parties, Public Meetings, &c.

EDWARD STOKES,

CORNER MAIN AND FIFTH STREETS Louisville, Fentucky,
MPORTER OF AND DEALER IN SADDLERY
Hardware, Harness Mountings, Trunks and Coach

Hog Skins; Malable Iron, &c.

Also, keeps constantly on hand a general assortment fraddles, Bridles, Harness and Trunks.

N. B.—All orders promptly attended to at the sbort-cell difference of the state of the stat

TELEGRAPHIC.

MEDICAE

Highly Exciting state of Affairs in Pennsylvania.

Rebels Advancing in Force on Carlisle.

Official Dispatch from Gen. Milroy. Orgent Appeal from Gov. Curtin.

Governor of Maryland issues a

Proclamation.

Fears for the Safety of Harrisburg. From Vicksburg to the 11th instant.

Kirby Smith on the Louisiana Side unable to cross.

at Vicksburg. Gen. Grant Watching Johnston and

The Raid on Maysville, Kentucky. Siege of Vicksburg Progressing.

Walker.

Guns Silenced --- Garrison on the point of Mutiny.

Exciting Rumors in Regard to Hooker's Army.

He is Reported to have lost an Entire Corps.

for Defense. The Excitement in Baltimore.

Rebels Endeavoring to Re-enforce Vicksburg.

Citizens leaving Harrisburg and Viciaity.

has been given to furnish men to repel the invasion. Pennsylvania has not responded. Meanwhile the enemy is six miles this side of Chambersburg and advancing rapidly. Our capital is threatened, and we may be disgraced by its fall, while the men who should be driv-ing the outlaws from our soil are quibbling about possible term of service for six months. It never was intended to keep them beyond the continuance of the emergency. You all know this by what happened when the militia were called out last year. You then trusted your government, and were not deceived. Trust it again now. I will accept men without reference to the six months terms. If you do not wish to bear the igrominy of shirking from the defense of your State, come forward at once. Close your places of business, and apply your hearts to the work. Come in such

nizations as you can form.

A. G. CURTIN. [Signed:] HARRISBURG, June 16-1 P. M. The telegraph operator at London, Franklin ounty, reports that our pickets brought in a bel prisoner, who reported the rebels in eavy force in the Cumberlund valley. The Bedford telegraph operator also reports that a count had just come in, who says the rebels are in Cumberlaud with a force of six thousand cavalry. There are no Union troops here. There is no one at Cumberlaud to resist them. The citizens are fleeing.

HARBISBURG, June 16. The Pennsylvania railroad company received a dispatch stating that the rebels were within nine miles of Carlisle at noon to-day. The Statehouse bell in this city will be rung this evening to call the people to arms. The public are awakening to a sense of the crisis.

NEW YORK, June 16. A Baltimore dispatch to the Philadelphia ferry. Harper's Ferry will be held.

A Baltimore corrospondent of the Enquirer, dating at 5 P. M. on Monday says:

I learn from high anthority that a battle has een going on to-day on the old Bull Run bat-le ground between Hooker and Lee. Hooker s doing good service. The train from Baltimore on Monday morn-

ing did not go further than Elliott's Mill.
The rebels are said to have appeared in full orce at Point of Rocks. A Harrisburg dispatch, dated at 2 o'clock this morning (Tucsday), says that all the important documents at the capitol are being removed to a place of safety in case evacuation is necessary.

HEADQUARTERS, FOUR MILES REAR OF VICKSBURG, June 10. Johnston's seige is still prosecuted, with more firing. During the past two days sever-al of the enemy's guns have been silenced by our batteries and sharpshooters. Deserters say that the garrison is upon the point of mu-tiny, they are desirious of fighting their way out to Johnston, to which the chief officers will not consent. All previous reports of des-titution are confirmed. The rebels occupy artasia and Yazoo City.
Full accounts from Milliken's Bend make our loss in the recent battle at one hundred and forty killed and one hundred and thirty-five wounded. Colonel Seib and eight officers were wounded and four Lieutenants killed in

the command.

The negro troops are admitted to have fought with great bravery, after the black flag had been raised by the enemy, killing every rebel they caught. The rebels were commanded by McCulloch, who was mortally wounded. Colonel Alien was killed, and Colonel Fitzhugh is believed to be a prisoner in our hands. The rebels lost one hundred and ten killed, who were left on the field, but carried off mostly all their wounded.

The enemy appeared at Yonng's Point in force on Tnesday. It is believed their intention is to re enforce Vicksburg and cross supplies.

ity to De Soto Point with their Louisiana al-Navigation in the Mississippi is becoming nore hazardous.

No trouble has been experienced from lohnston vet. Predictions are vain about the fall of Vicks-Thermometer 96.

NEW YORK, June 16-The Express prints the following as a letter from Washington: Gen. Hooker retreated from Falmouth to Warrenton station to intercept Lee who was advancing on Washington. Lee passed down through Thoroughfare Gap flankinfi Hooker and cut off an entire corps, name not given, which is supposed to be captured.

tured.

Lee is driving Hooker, the latter retreating to Alexandria. Hooker burned a large portion of his tents, provisions, &c., at Falmouth.

A large part of Milroy's division is captured, including the whole of his regiments at Per-ryville, with an entire battery. Milroy lost all his cannon, wagons, tents, &c. The remnant of his force reached Harper's Ferry in safety. The Post publishes Washington specials as The Post publishes Washington specials as follows:

HAVE JUST RECEIVED AND SHALL CONTINUE to keep on hand sare Wheels for spinning cottened wool, and small wheels for flax. Also Yarn Reels, it well made and of the best material. For sale by I be Bondurant, Seed and Agricultural Warehouse, Mainst., bet, Third and Fourth.

The Post publishes Washington specials as follows:

Persons from the front this morning report all quiet. No signs of rebels this side of Culpose of the large of the persons and public recognized and full of confidence. No signs of the enemy on the Potomac between here and Harper's Ferry.

PHILADELPHIA, June 16. A letter from Harrisburg, dated 1 P. M., says:

A train of one hundred wagons, which left
Martinsburg on Sunday, arrived safely.

The rebel advance this morning was five
miles east of Chambersburg.

Col. Smith, commanding at Hagarstown,
had a fightyesterday lasting an hour and a half,
when he was surrounded and forced to surrender.

The is much excitement here, and many
rumors of rebel cavalry being seen at various
points within twenty or thirty miles of this
city. Several of the old military organizations of Baltimore will be revived immedithere are many military movements in progress, and rumors of others, but they cannot
be mentioned.

The banks removed their deposits yester-day, and the State archives are being removed

At a meeting last evening Gen. Cameron blamed the Government for not sending men to aid in defense of the capital, when Pennsyl-vania had so liberally contributed men and money for carrying on the war. He said, while he had every confidence in the present commander of the department, such men as M'Clellan or Franklin, whose leadership the people had every confidence in, would rally to their standard every loyal man. He called upon the Government to send for Gen. Supposed Condition of the Garrison M'Clellan to take charge of the militia of the

Every train for the East is packed with refugees and goods belonging to merchants. JEFFERSON CITY, June 16. The Convention met at 9 o'clock this morn

Mr. Smith, of St. Louis, introduced an or linance providing—

1st. No slaves shall come into the State for permanent residence.
2d. On the 4th of July. 1870, slavery shall cease forever in Missouri.
3d. The Legislature may by law dictate the 5d. The Legislature may by law dictate the political etatus of free persons of color, and provide, by a just and humane system of apprenticeship, through the county authorities, against such persons becoming a public

charge.

A committee of one from each Congressional District was elected by the Convention to consider all the plans and propositions for the emancipation of the slaves in Missouri.

Mr. Drake called up his emancipation resolutions offered yesterday, and made a lengthy speech, but failed to get a direct vote of the Convention thereon.

Onvention thereon.

Mr. Breckinridge also spoke on his resolutions, which, with others, were referred to the NEW YORK, April 16.

says Hooker is threatened at Warrenton by the main rebel army, supposed to be 60,000 strong under Lee in person. The force in Maryland and Pennsylvania is estimated by M'Clellan and Seymour preparing Gen. Schenck at 40,000.

At a meeting held yesterday Gen. Cameron pledged his whole fortune to the defense of

safety.

The inhabitants are preparing in great num-WASHINGTON, June 16.

Cameron urges the appointment of M'Clellan to command the State

Militia.

HARRISBURG, April 16.

To the People of Pennsylvania:

For nearly a week past it has been publicly known that the rebel force were about to enter Pennsylvania. On the 12th inst. an urgent call was made on the people to raise a Department army corps for the defense of the State. Yesterday, under the proclamation of the President, the militia of the State were called out. To-day a new and pressing exhortation has been given to furnish men to repel the invasion. Pennsylvania has not responded out.

wounded and missing. NEW YORK, June 16. Advices per steamer Fulton, state that a telegram was received in New Orleans on the morning of the 7th, announcing the com-mencement of the bombardment of Port Hudon at 2 o'clock that morning.

Gen. Sherman was in a critical condition his leg having been ampu'ated.

The hospitals at Baton Rouge are filled to overflowing with sick and wounded soldiers from Port Hudson, and it is feared that the extreme heat may prove fatal to many.

All the troops excepting three regiments have been withdrawn from the Teche country and sent to Port Hudson. The river is falling fast and some of our heavy draught vessels would be obliged to

Arrivals from below to-day bring official dis-catches from Grant to noon on the 11th. Re-inforcements were arriving and taking posi-

The movements of Kirby Smith on the Lou-isiana elde were attentively watched. It is doubtful about his having means to cross the river, but the numerous bayous may afford him facilities to make the effort.

It is ascertained the Vicksburg garrison is on quarter rations of corn meal and pea flour, and the supply of these articles are very limited. Their fresh beef is all gone. The rebel Walker is at Yazoo city, and Jackson is said to have arrived with a division of cavalry from Bragg, Grant is confident and hopeful. About two hundred prisoners arrived here from Vickshurg to-des

Vicksburg to-day. New York, June 16. The World prints the following from the Savanuah Republican of June 9th: We are in-A Baltimore dispatch to the Philadelphia formed by a gentleman who had a conversa-Enquirer states that late arrivals from Har-per's Forry bring the intelligence that all is affected, and that Milroy had reached the Johnson succed in crossing the Big Black riv-

Sr. Louis, June 16. News from Vicksburg to the evening of the 12th indicate no change in the progress of the siege. Gen. Dennis, in command of Milikin's Bend, has been largely re enforced and started on an expedition to Richmond, Louisiana, to attack McCulloch, who is reported to have near 6,000

Nine hundred and fifty sick soldiers, mostly from Indians, Illinois and Iowa, arrived here to-day; they go to Jefferson barrax. BALTIMORE, June 16. Gov. Bradford has issued a proclamation calling upon the citizens of Baltimore and people of Maryland to rally and defend their State from invasion. As there is no organized militia in the State, he announces that he will fall back upon the recent enrollment for the draft; but he hopes there is patriotism sufficient among our people to raise the force needed from volunteers. The Governor urges immediate sction.

immediate sction. OHIO WHITE SULPHUR SPRINGS, June 16. The Ohio State Medical Society convened The Ohlo State Medical Society convened this morning with an unusually large attendance. Dr. Kinkead, of Clemont county, is elected President; Drs. Hamill, Noble, M. C. Dawson and Gano, Vice Presidents; Drs. E. B. Sterens, of Cincinnati, and Dalton Logan, Secretarier; and J. B. Thompson, of Columbus, Treasurer. Surgeon General Hammond's Order No. 6 was warmly discussed.

Gen. McClellan arrived here this evening Gen. McClellan strived here this evening, and proceeded directly to Gov. Seymour's residence. They are in consultation to-night. The 7th, 11th, 13th, 28th, 37th, 47th, 65th, 67th, 68th, 69th, 71st and 74th regiments are under marching orders this evening. The 7th and 71st leave to-night. Marching orders have also been issued to 1,500 volunteers at Newdrop, 800 at Rochester and 500 at Plattsburg. ALBANY, April 16.

ALBANY, N. Y., June 16,

Gen. McClellan is in Albany for the purpose of aiding Gov. Seymour in organizing and sending forward troops for the defense of Penasy vania. About 1,400 men are secured, and they are beginning to go forward. The following additional militia, regiments are under orders to move: Stb, 22d, 56tb, 22d, 30th and 34 h volunteer regiments here waiting to and 34 h volunteer regiments here waiting to be mustered out offer their services. MAYSVILLE, KY., June 16. The rebels, under Peter Everett, robbed the citizens of about sixteen thousand dollars' worth of goods and money, and the Government of ubout \$4,000. The home guards of Lewis: county gave them a warm reception.

Two prisoners have been brought in.

WASHINGTON, June 16. It is officially known here that up to this hour the rebels have made no attock upon Harper's Ferry. The enemy is in considerable force at Charlestowa, eight miles from Harper's Feiry. PROVIDENCE, June 16.

BALTIMORE, June 16. There is much excitement here, and many

NEW YORK, June 16. day, and the State archives are being removed to Philadelphia.

The Democratic convention will not assemble here to-morrow. A number of Western delegates refused to come further than Alloons, and returned home.

Hundreds of persons have arrived from the south side of the river, bringing in all their horses, cattle, and other valuablee.

Working parties are engaged in preparing the works and defenses on the opposite side of the river. Good resistance could be made if troops were here to man the guns.

Government officials expect the arrival of the rebels to-night or to-morrow. If they reach here so soon there will be little prospect of a successful defense, but if delayed, thousands will reach here within twen'y four hours, as the country is thoroughly aroused.

At a meeting last evening Gen. Cameron A Fort Monroe letter to the Herald states

General of this department, to raise the cities proportion of the ten thousand men called for to repel the invasion.

PHILADELPHIA, June 16. Reports from Harrisburg state that the rebels are at Carlisle, which is only eighteen miles from Harrisburg. Business is mostly suspended in this city.

RIVER MATTERS.

STRAMBOAT AGENTS. Moorhead & Co., No. 116, Wall street, T. M. Erwin No. 139, Wall street. B. J. Caffrey No. 137. Vall street. Cropper, Patton & Co., No. 143 Wall street.

PORT OF LOUISVILLE.

ARRIVALS.

Gen'l Buell, from Cincinnati. Masonic Gem, from Cincinnati. Lebanon No. 2, from Cincinnati DEPARTURES. Gen'l Buell, to Cincinnati. Masonie Gem, to Madison. Lebanon No. 2, to Vicksburg. Big Gray Eagle, to Paducah.

The river continues to fall slowly, with thirty ight inches water in the canal. Weather clear and hot. Business excessively dull. FOR CINCINNATI.-The Major Anderson is the

mailboat at noon to-day. FOR HENDERSON.-The J. T. McCombs is the reg ular Wednesday packet, and will leave at P. M. The Muscle will leave for Clarksville and all way points at 4 P. M. to-day. NOTICE TO SHIPPERS OF FREIGHT FOR NASHVILLE The fine, new steamer Catawba, Capt. Cooken

New York, April 16.
A special Harrisburg dispatch to the World | dorur, now lies at the foot of Fifth street receiving | dorur, now lies at the foot of Fifth street receiving | dorur, now lies at the foot of Fifth street receiving | dorur, now lies at the foot of Fifth street receiving | dorur, now lies at the foot of Fifth street receiving | dorur, now lies at the foot of Fifth street receiving | dorur, now lies at the foot of Fifth street receiving | dorur, now lies at the foot of Fifth street receiving | dorur, now lies at the foot of Fifth street receiving | dorur, now lies at the foot of Fifth street receiving | dorur, now lies at the foot of Fifth street receiving | dorur, now lies at the foot of Fifth street receiving | dorur, now lies at the foot of Fifth street receiving | dorur, now lies at the foot of Fifth street receiving | dorur, now lies at the foot of Fifth street receiving | dorur, now lies at the foot of Fifth street receiving | dorur, now lies at the foot of Fifth street receiving | dorum present stage of water with 75 tuns of freight. CROPPER, PATTEN & CO., Agents, Fourth street. The Cincinnati Enquirer of yesterday has the ollowing:

At a meeting held yesterday Gen. Cameron pledged his whole fortune to the defense of Pennsylvania, and calls upon the government to appoint Gen. McCleilan or Gen. Franklin Commander in Chief of the Pennsylvania forces at Pittsburg.

All the factories have stopped work, and all hands are throwing up entrenchments.

All archives of the State and the specie of the Harrisburg banks have been removed for safety.

The Commercial sava:

The Commercial savs:

The Lebanon No. 2, for Vicksburg, left yesterday in the forenoon. She took 4,000 boxes cartridges, and a large number of shells for the use of the Union troops at Vicksburg.

The Lebanon, for Memphis, has 200 thas of Government freight.

The Magnolia goes to Parlor Grove, to-day, with a pic nic party. pic nic party.

The Swallow and Sunny Side are engaged for the Continental pic-nic on Friday.

Marion Hukill, a well known Cumberland river pilot, died in Louisville, on Sunday.

The Echo reports 33 inches of water in the

The Echo reports 33 inches of water in the Kanawha.

Capt. S. B. Hempstead's new Cincinnati and Marietta packet, Cricket No. 3, was launched from Everson's yard on Saturday. She is now being completed above the foot of Ludlow street.

The White Rose has laid up for the present. The propeller Golden Gate sunk in the Ohio, at McCollum's Ripple, last Wednesday night. She was beand up, and will be raised.

The levee wears a very dull appearance. Freights scarce for all points.

Several hundred bales of Government cotton were sold on the levee yesterday, at figures ranging from 19c to 50% c per pound. It is all in a damaged state. ing from 19c to 50% c per pound. It is all in a damaged state.

Capt. John Bugher, of the Silver Moon, arrived from Memphis, yesterday, coming through by rail from Cairo. He will accept our thanks for late Memphis papers. The Silver Moon is Major General Parker's headquarers, and left Memphis for Vicksburg last Friday morning, in charge of Capt. Frank Stein.

FINANCE AND TRADE

OFFICE OF THE LOUISVILLE DEMOCRAT, TUESDAY BYENING, June 16th, 1863. For particulars of currency matters see specie an ank note list. FLOUR AND GRAIN-Superfine Flour at \$5@5 25, and extra brands at \$5 30@6 50; nominal. Wheat at \$1 00 @1 05 for red and white and very dull, few millers buy ng. Corn from store and wagons 60@65c. Barley \$1 @1 50. Oats 60c and dull; sacks extra. GROCKRIBS-Sugar we quote at 13% @13% by the hhd; in

bbls 131/20141/c; Crushed 161/c. New O:leans Molasses, old, 65c; new 68@70c per gallon. Coffee 31@33c. Sale Golden Strup in bbls at 70@77c. WHISKY-Light sales at 41c. Correns, &c-Sales heavy Brown Sheetings at 30 Yarns we quote at 40, 41 and 42c for the various nun bers. Cotton Twine at 90c. Candlewick \$1 per lb.

BUTTER-Sales at 11@16c, and very dull. BEANS-Sales prime white at 62 75@8 25. CHEESE-Light sales of new at 9@9%s and dull, COAL—Sales of Pittaburg at retail 40c.

HAY—We quote Timothy at \$16@18; sales from was t \$14@18, as in quality. MANILLA ROPE-We quote at 180. FLAX SEED-We quote at \$1 75.

FEATURES-Command 42@48c. LINSESD OIL—Sales at oil mill at \$1 15. Country Bacon-Shoulders 4%@5c; sides 5@5%c, and ams 8@8%o; very dull. LARD-Light sales at 9@9%c. SUGAR-CURED HAMS-Sales at 10%c. TOBACCO-Sales to-day 140 hhds, as follows: 3 at 866

Bnying, Selting,

46 @50 # cent. p'm

2 @ 4 # cent. p'm Treasury Notes and Ohio money Except-Farmers' Bank. Union Bank.

TELEGRAPH MARKETS.

but not much doing in white. Corn and Oats unchanged. Whisky 40c and steady. Nothing done in Provisions. Linseed Oil \$1 15. Gold advanced to 146614.

but closed dull and declining at 79@ 500 for western, is cluding one boat load at close at 78c. Oats firmer an mess, \$12 50@12 62% for new closing at the latter price Lard firm and in fall demand at 9%@10%c.

149%, declining to 147%, advancing to 130 and closing firm at 14%8@148%. Government stocks quiet: U. S. 6s of '81 108%@108%; do registered 104%; 7 30s 106%; 1 year Certificates 98 new. FOREIGN MARKETS. Cotton closed steady. Breadstuffs dull owing to favo

Cotton closed steady. Breadstuffs dull owing to favorable weather for crops. Wheat 203 per cental lower, red 99(103 3d. Corn heavy with a decline of 1s per 450 lbs. Beef firmer for good. Pork is dull. Bacon is very dull and declining. Lard steady at 37@33s. Sugars ad-**GOVERNMENT CLAIMS**

WE ARE BUYING QUARTERMASTER AND COM-Gov. Smith has issued a proclamation convening the General Assembly on Thursday, to provide for raising troops for the emergency.

BUCKEYE REAPER



PASSING THROUGH BARS

WE INVITE YOUR PARTICULAR ATTENTION to he above cut, which represents our celebrated Buckeye Machine passing from one field to another. We have been seiling this Machine five seasons, and of the hundreds sold by us in Kentucky and Indiana, no one has failed to give most perfect satisfaction. you latend buying that Machine which has more point of excellence embraced in it than all others combined buy the BUCKEYE, and no other. Our supply of these Machines this season is limited, and persons desiring to secure them should buy early.

WARRANTY. We warrant these Machines to be well made, of good

naterials, simple, durable, and easy of draft for two norses. The Combined Reaper will cut from 12 to 15 acres o small grain per day. The Sinele Mower will cut and spread from 6 to 10 acres of grass per day—both doing The Single Mower will out lodged grass, or lodged and yet clover without clogging.

CASH PRICE FOR BUCKEYE, Combined Reaper and Mower, \$165 Combined Reaper and Mower (with Self-Raker), - - - 190 Single Reaper, - - - 140 Large Size Mower, - - - 130 Small Size Mower, - - - 105

Notice. We always keep a full supply of Extras for every part of the Machines, on hand. The Catalogues containing full descriptions of the Ms. PITKIN, WIARD & CO.,

SWEEPSTAKES SEPARATOR & CLEANER.

LOUISVILLE, KY

This Machine is far superior to any Eight-Horse Separator and Cleaner, ever brought to this market.

EF Ca'l and see it before buying elsewhere or send for a change. We have in store a large assortment of the following implements of the very best workmanship: 4 Horse (Ground Hog) Threshers,
Horse Hay Rakes,
Corn Shellers,
Cutting Boxes,

Barnhill Corn Drills, Fan Mills, Potato Diggers, Cultivators, Cast Plows, Shovel Plows, Steel Plows, Harrows,

Water Filters, &c.

WATER LIME, PLASTER PARIS, WHITE LIME, LAND PLASTER, PERUVIAN AND AMERICAN GUANO, WHITE SAND, &C. ap12 d&w3ptje30 PITKIN, WIARD & CO. Proclamation by the Governer.

We deal heavily in HYDRAULIC CEMENT OR

\$200 Reward. COMMONWEALTH OF RENTUCKY, EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT, WHEREAS, IT HAS BEEN MADE KNOWN TO ME that CHARLES RODGERS and JOHN W. RUCKand are now going at large.

Now, therefore, I. JAMES F. ROBINSON, Governoof the Commonwealth afterestid, do her by

\$200 REWARD. I WILL GIVE THE ABOVE REWARD, IN ADDI-tion to the reward offered by the Governor, for the apprehension, and delivery to me, of CHARLES RODGERS and JOHN & BUCKMAN, who brake jail aerly on the morning of May 31, 1883, or \$400 for either. CHARLES RODGERS

out 5 feet 10 inches high. 22 years of age, on, dark brown had, hazel eyes, and wounds, tolerably slim built, has recent pox, is but slightly pitted but shows in smolph. Is our signary preced but shows parely looking, features rather thin, incessant chewer of co, has been did not been grown out would be black, on the same of the same JOHN W. BUCKMAN

PHOTOGRAPHS

WILL, FOR THE NEXT 30 DAYS, TAKE CARTES DE VISITE at the fell: wing prices: The standing figures formerly sold for \$4 per dozen, Persons sitting for Photographs will be shown a proof, and if not satisfied with the result, will have the privilege of sitting again. tallery on Third street, between Jefferson and Green, my21 demins W. W. BROWN'S

Mothers' Friend or Female Regulator. Mothers' Friend or Female Regulator.

THIS IS CONSIDERED ONE OF THE BEST TONIO
Cordials or Female Reguls tors now in use. It is
used in all cases whe e the internal organs are deranged,
as in Leucorrhea or Whites, Amenorrhea or Obstructed
Menses, and painful Menstruation. It acts as a specific
for weakness of the Breast and Back, oiseases of the
Kidneys, and Norvousness of the System. This cordial
is warranted to give relief in all derangements of the
Female Organs. It is considered a fine purifier of the
Flood. The above can be had at all the Druz Stores,
All orders sent by mail will be pramptly attended to.
Overstreet's genuine finament. None genuine without the signature of W. W. Frown on the top of each
box. It is specific or Rheumatism.
Bown's Balsam of Indian Turing, one of the best
remedies out for Whoop by Gough, Coughs, Colds. Asthma and Pulmonary Affections.
Brown's Electric Pain Killer, for all kinds of Pains,
internal or external.

My27 d3m
W. W. BROWN, E. M. D.

HOW LOST! HOW RESTORED! JUST PUBLISHED, IN A SEALED ENVELOPE. PRICE 6 CENTS. LECTURE ON THE NATURE, TREATMENT AND t 'A Boon to Thousands of Sufferers,"
t under seal. in a plain envelope, to any at least rain, on receipt of six cents, or two restaupas by Dr. CH. J. C. KLINE.

127 BOWORY, N. Y., P. o. Box 4586,

ONE HUNDRED DOZEN

KEEP & M'GILL'S Galt House Shirt Emporium

Copartnership Notice.

Cabbage Plants. 200,000 LARGE LATE DRUMHEAD CAB

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVE THIS DAY FORMED A Copartnership under the style of Wm., W. Morris & Co., and will continue at the old stand of Morris & Hogg, No. 495 Main street, a Wholesele Notion and Fur-

TELEGRAPHIC.

[From Yesterday's " Evening News." Some Particulars of the Fight at

Winchester.

Attack on Martinsburg.

Gen. Tyler Refases to Surrender.

The Wires Cut.

The Baltimore and Ohio Railroad Uninjured.

The Rolling Stock Safe.

No Trains Running Through.

Trouble Ahead,

Unintelligible News from Hooker.

Bell Plains and Acquia Evacuated.

Cannonading heard at Thoroughfare Gap.

Hooker Left the Line of the Rappahannock.

Militia Under Arms in New York.

Militia Men Called Out.

Troops Leaving for Philadelphia To-day.

Corcoran With 12,000 Men Moving Towards Blackwater.

A Great Battle Momentarily Expected.

Missouri State Convention.

NEW YORK, June 16. The Baltimore American of Monday says:
The most reliable information we have been able to obtain is to the following effect:
An attack was made on Saturday morning on a small force of our men at Berryville, under Gen. McReyholds, of which the first Maryland battery formed a part. They fell back before superior numbers, and joined Gen. Milroy at Winchester, after a sharp engagement, of which results are unknown. gagement, of which results are unknown. At the same time Winchester was attacked in front and from the south, by a force said to be under command of the successor of Stone-

The troops that made the attack at Berrysville are reported to be under command of
Gen. Trimble. A third force, after this encounter, are said to have captured a detachment of our men at Bunker Hill, and then
moved on Martinsburg. At 4 o'clock yesterday afternoon they demanded the surrender
of the place giving forty minutes for these of the place, giving forty minutes for the wo-men and children to leave town. Gen. Tyler, who commands at Martinsburg.

Gen. Tyler, who commands at Martinsburg, refused to surrender, and an artillery fight consued at 7:15 P M. The wires were broken between Harper's Ferry and Martinsburg, and what occurred after that was not known. A battle was also in progress at Winchester yesterday. Result unknown.

Gen. Milroy repulsed Ewell on Saturday, and said he could hold out until re-enforcements reached him. If unable to sustain his position, he would have to fall back on the line to Romney, as the Harper's Ferry and Martinsburg roads are held by the enemy.

The bosine s has a good rua of custom. The house has 32 feet front, large enough to admit of another store besides the bar-room.

PHILLIP MEIER.

Building Lot for Sale.

A NEXCELLENT BUILDING LOT, NINETY FERT front by 200 deep to a 20 foot alley, situated on the south side of Broadway, running west from a point 66 feet from the corner of Tweiths treet. It will be divided if desirable, Apply to be 100 deep to a 20 foot alley, situated on the feet from the corner of Tweiths treet. It will be divided if desirable, Apply to be 100 deep to a 20 foot alley, situated on the feet from the corner of Tweiths treet. It will be divided if desirable, Apply to be 100 deep to a 20 foot alley, situated on the feet from the corner of Tweiths treet. It will be divided if desirable, Apply to be 100 deep to a 20 foot alley, situated on the feet from the branch of the basing enough to admit of another store besides the bar-room.

PHILLIP MEIER.

A NEXCELLENT BUILDING LOT, NINETY FERT from the year of the basing enough to admit of another store besides the bar-room.

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PHILLIP MEIER.

A NEXCELLENT BUILDING LOT, NINETY FERT from the year of the basing and the could be a 20 foot alley, situated on the gount form the year of the basing and the could fall desirable. Apply to a 20 foot alley, situated on the south side of Broadway, running week from a point 66 feet from lar

departure of Hooker.

The Sixth corps, which lay on both sides of the river, below Fredericksburg, proceeded northward, and reached the vicinity of Damfries Sunday night.

ly's ford, the rear being protected by suffi-cient troops to hold the enemy at bay should he attempt to cross the river below. On Sunday evening cannonading was heard in the direction of Thoroughfare Gap. It was thought to be an effort of the rebels to cross in force. SECOND DISPATCH.

It is ascertained that the main portion of the army of the Potomac have retired from the line of the Rappahannock. A movement is rendered necessary by that of the enemy. A large number of sick and wounded have been brought away, and transferred to hospitals in the vicinity of Washington.

The exact whereabouts of Gen. Lee are supposed to be near, or at, Thoroughfare Gap.

New York, June 16. All our militia regiments are getting under arms at the city armories. Bells were rung at midnight in Brooklyn, calling out minute men, and the regiments of that city assembled at eight o'clock this morning. A large number leave for Philadelphia this morning.

NEW YORK, June 16.

NEW YORK, June 16. The steamship Scotia is below, with dates to

JEFFERSON CITY, June 15. The State Convention met and organized to-day. Governor Gamble sent in a long message, rehearsing his views on gradual emancipation, reviewing the condition of the State and previous acts of the convention, expressing the opinion that the State and enrolled militia are adequate to preserve peace within our borders, treating of State affairs generally, and concluding with tendering his resignation as provisional Governor, to take effect on the last day of the session of the convention.

Between Beargrass Creck and the Oh o River. For further particulars inquire of JNO. BASCOM STOLL, East Main street.

THE LARGE AND WELL-BUILT RESI Convention of the east side of Second street, between Green and Walnut. For terms apply to J. E. HARDY, and the last day of the session of the convention.

Farm for Sale.

reution.

Mr. Drake, of St. Louis, offered the following, which was laid over till to-morrow:

Resolved, That it is expedient an ordinance be passed by the convention providing—first, for the emancipation of all the slaves in the State by the 1st of January next; second, for perpetual prohibition of slavery in the State after that date; third, for a system of apprenticeship of slaves, so emancipated, for such period as may sufficiently avoid any serious inconvenience to the interests connected with slave labor, and to prepare emancipated blacks for complete freedom; fourth, for any sufficiently avoid only serious inconvenience to a vote of the first never the sufficient property in the state after that date; third, for a system of apprenticeship of slaves, so emancipated, for such period as may sufficiently avoid any serious inconvenience to the interests connected with slave labor, and to prepare emancipated blacks for complete freedom; fourth, for any sufficiently avoid any serious inconvenience to a vote of the first never fail new forms with spring house; inconvenience to the interests connected with slave labor, and to prepare emancipated blacks for complete freedom; fourth, for any sufficiently avoid any serious inconvenience to a vote of the first never fail n the State after that date; third, for a system of apprenticeship of slaves, so emancipated, for such period as may sufficiently avoid any serious inconvenience to the interests connected with slave labor, and to prepare emancipated blacks for complete freedom; fourth, for submitting said ordinance to a vote of the people on the first Monday in August next.

Mr. Breckinridge, of St. Louis, introduced an act providing for the emancipation of all slaves after the first of July next, and apprenticing the minor children until 1876.

icing the minor children until 1876.

A discussion arose whether Vincent Marmaduke, member from Saline county, should take his seat in the Convention, he being under arrest for disloyalty and now on parol in St. Louis; pending which the Convention adversarial to the convention and the convention adversarial to the convention and the conventi

Journed.

New York, June 16.

The steamer Scotian arrived this morning.
The crew of the bark Inca has arrived at
Liverpool, the yessel having been burned
near the equator by the Florida. She also destroyed the ship Oneida about the same time.
Negotiations are nearly completed for the
transfer of the Hudso a B'ry Company's rights

Cabbate Stadda's

200,000,000 102 W

to the British Government in the present ju-

surrection.

Seward responded to the invitation to join the diplomatic acton on the Polish question, that America cannot deviate from intervention.
It is thought the opposition in the French
Chambers will have twenty-five members.
This is a great gain for the opposition in

HARRISBURG, PA —1 A. M.

Eyerything is gloomy here. The indications are that the rebels will be in sight of here by to-morrow, and in the absence of a sufficient number of troops to stop the advance of the rebels, the destruction of all pridges along the Syscuebanes is inevitable.

bridges along the Susquehanna is inevitable.

As fast as troops reach here they are sent to the different fords on the river where the works are being rapidly constructed.

The attempts to get troops from Washington have failed, and all the energies of the State must be directed towards arresting the progress of the rebels. There is no hope of saving the country south of the Susquehanna.

PHILAT ELPHIA, June 16.

The Mayor has issued a proclamation in view of the urgent necessity of instant action to protect the capital, urging the closing of the stores, and to connect themselves immedi ately with existing military organizations for defense of the city.

CINCINNATI, June 16.

River fallen 2 inches, with 5 feet 5 inches in the channel. Weather clear. Thermometer 86; barometer 29:50.

Pittsburg, June 16.
River 3 feet 3 inches by metal mark and stationary. Weather clear and pleasant. [Special to the Louisville Journal.]

[Special to the Louisville Journal.]

MILLIKEN'S BEND, LA., June 10, VIA CAIRO.

June 15.

A brigade of rebels under Gen. McCullough, brother to Ben, attacked the 7th, 11th and 18th Louisiana, and the 15th Mississippi, colored regiments, in all about one thousand men, on Sunday morning last at this place. A fight ensued, in which the negroes fought like heroes, but were forced to take refuge behind piles of cotton on account of the superior numbers of the enemy. After the first volley the negroes clubbed their muskets, and went in for a hand-to-hand fight. The rebels shouted no quarter, and bayonetted the wounded. The colored troops took up the cry, and played the same game. Negroes and rebels were found dead on the field cach transfixed with the bayonet of the other. Several rebels were found with their skulls mashed in by the negroes' muskets.

General McCulloch is reported dead from the ef-

kets.
General McCulloch is reported dead from the effects of the amputation necessary from a wound received. The total killed yet heard from is seventy-eight, wounded one hundred and fifty-four. The rebels lost about one hundred killed. Their wounded were removed.
Price is in Kansas moving this way, and Walker, whom McPherson whipped on the Clinton road, near Jackson, has crossed the Mississippi at Port Hudson, to operate with him.
The Commercial's correspondent says Louisiana opposite Vicksburg, and as far up as Milliken's Bend, is full of rebels.

FOR SALE AND RENT.

FOR SALE. THE SHOP KNOWN AS "LOUISVILLE WHEELbarrow Works," situated on Portland avenue, near
Sevenieenth street. Attached to this shop is a fine
boiler 20 feet long by 42 inches in d am. ter, with a
double cylinder upright engine, 25-horse power. The
ground will be sold or leased with the buildines and machinery. Apply to M. Fletcher, at C m Mill, on High
street, between Sixteenth and Seventeenth, o to

J. R. PIRTLE,

jel4 d12* Seventh st., bet, Grayson and Walnut.

FOR SALE. TWENTY FINE BUILDING LOTS, STUATED BE tween Portland avenue and the louisville and Portland Railroad, above Sevent entiest. Apply to J. R. PIRTLE, jel4 dl2* Sev nth st., bet, Grayson and Walnut,

For Sale. A GOOD ROCKAWAY, WITH POLE and shafts and d uble harness, at ENDERS & SEVERSON'S, jel6 d3* Jefferson st., bet, Second and Third.

New Albany Property for Sale. Deep Aid and the control of the beauty and the beauty and the consisting of houses and lots and out lots.

One family residence situated on the Railroad, with about 5 or 6 acres of ground.

One fine brick dwelling, situated on Main street, containing some ten rooms, with a large lot, well improved. A great many other hou es in other parts of the city, and out lots too tedious to mention.

Also, a farm, situated fifteen miles from New Albany, on the New Albany and Mil town road, cortaining 120 acres, about 75 acres in cultivation, the balance finely timbered, a fine well of water, a good dwelling and other out buildings, about 300 fruit trees, and is one of the best tavern st ands in the country.

For further information apply to 6, W. Little, corner of Nivta and Jefferson streets, Louisville, Ky., or Alex. Dowling, attorney at law, or John S. Thacker, New Albany, Ind.

Hotel for Sale. HFREBY OFFER MY HOTEL, KNOWN AS ATTACHED THE THE HOTEL, ENOWN AS ATTACHED THE HOTEL, BROWN AS ATTACHED THE HOTEL, BROWN AS ATTACHED THE HOTEL AND ASSESSED THE HOTEL ASS

A NEXCELLENT BUILDING LOT, NINETY FEET front by 200 deep to a 20 foot alley, situated on the

Great Bargains.

fries Sunday night.

Bell Plains and Acquia'creek were evacuated, and public property has been shipped or otherwise secured. The effects destroyed were such as were not worth removal.

Up to Monday morning our army held the line of the Rappahannock from Banks' to Kelly's ford, the rear being protected by sufficient troops to hold the enemy at bay should he attempt to cross the river below.

The object of the Following Lots in Sunday in the city of Louisville:

One Lot, between Failton street and Harrod's creek will be given by the cleak your on which is a fine three-story brick house containing nine rooms. The lot is we'l stocked with all its desirable lot for a pleasure sarden or private redigate.

Eighteen unimproved Lots in Geiger's enlargement, 35 feet by 216, on Fult in street, on which is a great from the city of Louisville:

One Lot, 55 feet by 216, on Fult in street, on which is a great from the city of Louisville.

The first following Lots in will be given by the visual street and Harrod's creek will be given by the visual street and Harrod's creek will be given by the visual street and Harrod's creek will be given by the visual street and Harrod's creek will be given by the visual street and Harrod's creek lank will be given by the visual street and Harrod's creek will be given by the visual street and Harrod's creek will be given by the visual street and Harrod's creek lank many in the city of Louisville:

One Lot, between Failton street and Harrod's creek lank many in the city of Louisville:

One Lot, between Failton street and Harrod's creek lank many in the city of Louisville:

One Lot, between Failton street and Harrod's creek will be given by the visual street and Harrod's creek will be given by the visual street and Harrod's creek will be given by the visual street and Harrod's creek will be given by the visual street and Harrod's creek will be given by the visual street and Harrod's creek will be given by the visual street and Harrod's creek will be given by the visual street and Harrod's cree One Lot, 35 feet by 210, on Fult in street, on which is a good frame house, containing three rooms, and well enclosed with a good, substan ial tence.
One other Lot, 70 feet by 210, well enclosed by a good, substantial fence.
One lot on Jefferson street, north side, between Shelby and Campbell, on which is a two-story brick house, containing four rooms and a kitchen, &c.
For terms, &c., inquire of my attorney. C. T. Taylor, Jefferson street, between Fourth and Fifth, or on the premises, or at my residence, 320 Fourth street.

je5 dlm

J. B. RICHEY.

A Yaluable Country Residence for Sale.

A Valuable Country Residence for Male.

Great Opportunity.

THE UNDERSIGNED INTENDS TO REmove to the city again, and therefore offered
its beautifully located country residence, onthe Newburr road, 2½ miles from Broadway bridge, opposite the Griffith House (or hospital No. 15), and close
to Mr. S-hwartz's residence, for sale. It contains thirty
acres, with large, comfortable resid nce, stables, and
all necessary out-buildings; has on it an excellent spring
of the best water; twenty acres are well cultivated, th
balance is in good timber, and a cr ek running through
it. It is one of the choicest country residences in the
neighborhood of Louisville, and offers a business man,
who desires a country residence, a rare chance. It
would also be a fine place for a gardener or dairyman,
Terms will be made very liberal. Apply on premises,
jed dig.

Desire hie Pauliding Lot for Sale Desirable Building Lot for Sale.

Suffolk correspondence states that General Corcoran, with 12,000 men, left there on the 12th for the direction of the Blackwater. The rebel General Jenkins is at Franklin with quite a force, and it is surmised that our troops are going there.

New York June 16.

Destration Bullding Lot for Scale.

A FINE BUILDING LOT, SITUATED AT THE southeast cor, of Broadway and Twelth st., in the city of Louisville. Said to thas a front of 70 feet on Broadway, extending back 205 feet on Twelfth street to a 20-foot alley, with the paving finished on both streets. This is one of the finest lots in the city for an investment. Terms liberal and the title perfect. Address Bax 208. Louisville Postoffice.

House for Sale. WILL BE SOLD VERY CHEAP, IF APPLIcation is made shortly, a frame cottage with fill
four rooms, a large stable, situated on Shelbyst, fill
between Beargrass Creek and the Oh o kiver. For further particulars inquire of
JNO. BASCOM STOLL,
my30 dtf

Farm for Sale.

FOR SALE.

ANY OF TEN HOUSES AND LOTS

if if rent quilities and locations, and any of six vac int Lots in Louisville.

Also a two-horse Carriage Apply at No 335 Third stree, 100 yards south of the Louisville Postedice.

WM. H. FORWOOD.

LADIES' DRESS GOODS,
WE HAVE NOW IN STORE OUR FULL SPRING
Broche Barege Grenadines;
Broche Silk do;
Mozawbique Robes:

WANTED.

A HOUSE WITH SIX ROOMS, BETWEEN A Yors and Green streets, and First and Ninsth, or a short distance in the country. For a house that will suit a fair price will be paid. Apply to or address H., at this office.

Wanted to Rent. A GOOD, COMFORTABLE DWELLING HOUSE, containing 6 or 8 rooms, in the central part of the city. Rent pa'd ou rierly in advance if desired. Address Box 86, Postoffice.

STRAYED & STOLEN.

A BAY HORSE, ON THE RIVER ROAD, has a star in the forecast, on the 2th June; has a star in the forehead, scratches on the left hind leg. The owner can get him by proving property and paying charges.

Jel4 d3*

S. B. PROCTOR.

LOST AND FOUND. Money Lost, IN FRONT OF THE COURTHOUSE, ON JEFFERSON street, on the 13th instant, one \$20 and one \$16 bill, greenbacks. The finder will be liberally rewarded by jeaving the bills at this office.

INSURANCE.

The Safest and Cheapest Insurance. The Safest and Cheapest Insurance.

B. D. RERNEDE'S

INSURANCE OF FILE,
413 Main street, between Fourth and Fifth, Dulaney's
Building, over D. O'Hare's Trunk Store.

A THE AUTHORIZED AGENT OF THE FOLLOWance Companies, insurances will be made on Lives and
every descript on of property at fair rates.

As the division of an insurance risk among several
Companies is egarded as safer and more prudent than
a large amount in any one Company, I would respectfully solidit a portion of the business of my friends and
the public. Losses promptly and satisfactorly settled.
Proofs of losses and adjustments made at this office
WITHOUT CHARGE on all policies issued at this
Agency.

Mutual Life Insurance Company, Cash Fund belonging to the members insured \$9, 60,000. ALL the profits are divided on the mutual system ever

ALL the profits are divided on the mutual system every five years among the members insured.

The business of this Company is conducted exclusively on the Cash plan. No notes whatever are received for premiums, or paid back on claims f r losses. The accumulations or dividends may be applied to ince ease the amount insured under the policy, or in an annual deduction from the premium. In the first instance, many cases are on record where the amounts originally insured have been more than dowled by the accumulations or dividends, and in the second, the annual reduction granted by the Company is Largest Park The Annual Company of the confirming and up for the original amount, and the policy holder, instead of paying any premium to the Company, is actually in receipt the original amount, and the policy holder, instead of paying any premium to the Company, is actually in receipt of the remainder of life.

Rates, pamphlets and any other information may be obtained upon application at this Agency.

Continental Insurance Company, o the policy holders.

Dividends returned to policy holders, on Fire risks as

Washington Insurance Company,

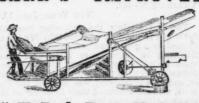
Fulton Fire Insurance Company,
NEW YORK CITY.
Cash Capital and Surplus \$250,000. Fulton Fire Insurance Company. NEW YORK CITY. Cash Capital and Surplus \$175,000.

COMPANY.

Office 261 Broad st., Newark, N. J.

Prospectuses, Statements, and Applications will be furnished without charge, and all information desired will be given by the undersigned.

No. 425 Main st., between Bullitt and Fifth,



PATENTED MARCH, 1860. To which was awarded

The Grand Medal of Honor At the United States Fair, 1860.

THIS SEPARATOR WAS FIRST INVENTED AND

e exhibited, J. D. BONDURANT, Sole Agent, Louisville, Ky. Louisville, Ky.

I have room to give but a few testimonials of the many flattering let es received by me, from the g eat number that have purchased. Send for a circular.

BRANDENBURG, 1862.

Mr. J. D. BONDURANT: The Bight-horse Steam Thresher and Cleaner bought of you, is given up by all to be the best in this county. I have threshed 809 bushels per day, and am well pleased with my machine.

J. B. WOOLFOLK.

J. B. WUULEULE.

OLDHAM COUNTY, KY., January 1st, 1863.

Mr. J. D. BONDUBANT: It is with pleasure I testify to the merits of the Garr Thresher and Cleaner purchased of you las: season. It worked beyond my expectations, riving entire satisfaction in every particular. I consider it by far the best and most durable Thresher and Cleaner now in use.

S. B. STEELE.

HARVESTERS. KENTUCKY HARVESTER, KENTUCKY CLIPPER. LOUISVILLE MOWER, LOUISVILLE REAPER, BALL'S IMPROVED

REAPER AND MOWER HAY RAKES, PLOWS, MOWING BLADES, GRAIN CRADLES, &C.

J. D. BONDURANT, Opp. Bank of Loui-ville, old stand of G. W. Bashaw, my23 d&wtf 322 Main st., bet. Third and Fourth, H. RATTERMAN & CO.,

MANUFACTURERS OF FURNITURE AND COFFINS, South side of Market st., bet. Eleventh and Twelfth,

MEDICAL.

DR. JOHN BULL'S

COMPOUND

The Latest and Most Important Dis-

covery of the 19th Century.

NO MAN'S NAME IS MORE INTIMATELY CONnected with the history of the Materia Med ca of
the United States, or more favorably known as a pioneer
in med cal discovery, than that of Dr. JOHN BULL. of
Louisvile a Ky. His limitable prepar-tion of Sarsaparilla, has long stood as the head of the various compounds of that v.luable drag. His Compount Pectoral.
of Wild Christor, has become a household word throughout the West and South and his Worm Lozerges, in
le s than a year after their introduction attained a replitation as wide-spread as the continent of North America. But the crowning glory of his life remains to be
gitained in his latest discovery, or rather combination,
for he does not claim to have been the discoverer of
CEDRON, which is the basis of the bluters now offered
to the public. Teat honor belongs to the native linhabigants of Central America, to whom its victues have been
known for more than two hundred years. Armed with it
the liddin bids defapee to the most deadly malaria,
and handles with the that while there is breath left inthe body the Cedron is potent to cure, no matter what
the disease may be,
While Dr. Bull is not prepared to indor e this extravagant pretension, he is nevertheless satisfied from a
thorough examination of the evidence relating to its
virtues, that as a remedy and preventive for all olseases arising from exposure, either to charge, so of weather
and climat, or to the m'asmatic influences, it st. nds
without a rival, and justly deserves the reputation i
has so long enjoyed in Central America, and the West
Indies. In

DYSPEPSIA. As eries of experiments in which Dr. Bull has been for years engaged, has just been brought to a successful termination, and he is now enabled to offer to the public a combination of Gedron with other approved tonics, the whole preserved in the best quality of copper-distilled Sourbon whisky, which he is confident has no equal in the world.

He might turnish a volume of certificates, but the public have long since tearned to estimate such thingat that their true value. The safest plan is, for every one to test for himself the virtues of a new medicine. Give the Cedron Bitters,

Onetrial and you will never use any others.
It is not necessary to publish a long list of diseases for which the Cedroa Bitters are a specific.
In all diseases of the STOMACH, BOWELS, LIVER OR KIDNEYS;
In all affections of the BRAIN DEPENDING UPON DERANGEMENT OF THE STOMACH OR BOWELS;
In GOUT, RHEUMATISM AND NEURAL-Gia: In GOUT, RHEUMARASH AND AGUE;
And in FEVER AND AGUE;
It is destined to supersede all other remedies. It not only cures these di-eases, but it prevents them.
Awine glass full of the Bitters taken an hour before each meal, will obviate the ill effect of the most unhealthy climate, and screen the person taking it agai, st disease under the most trying exposure. Sold by Druggists and Gro ers generally.

137 Dr. JOHN BULL'S Principal Office, Fifth street
Louisville, Kv.

Galen's Head Dispensary AND VENEREAL INFIRMARY, Chartered by the Legislature of Ky. For the Cure of all Private Diseases.

JUST PUBLISHED-PRICE ONLY TEN OENTS A MEDICAL REPORT, Containing Sixty large Pages, and Thirty Fine Plates and Engravings of the Anatomy and Physiclogy o the Sexual Organs in a state of Health and Disease,



ON A NEW METHOD OF treating VENEBEAL DISEASE, including Syphilis in all first stages; Gonorrhea, Gleet, Stricture, Varicocile, and Hydrocele Diseases of the Kidneys, Bladder &c., WITHOUT MERGURY: containing a valuable treatise or that wide-stroad malady of youth, SEMINAL WEAKNESS, Nocturnal, Emissions, Sexual Debility, Impotency, &c., the secret infirmities of youth and maturity arising from the bane-tions on FEMALE DISEASES, and other interesting matter of the utmost importance to the married, and those contemplating marriage, who entertain doubt of their physical ability to enter that state. Sent to centre of the utmost importance to the married, and those contemplating marriage, who entertain doubts of their physical ability to enter that state. Sent to centre of the utmost dispersion of the above diseases, because of the stage of the above diseases, because of the stage of the above diseases, because of the stage of the sta

of their physical ability to enter that state. Sent it any address in a sealed wrapper, on eccipt of Ten Cents or four stamps.

Those afflicted with any of the above diseases, before placing themselves under the treatment of any one, should first read this work.

We devote our entire time and attention to the treatment of the various private diseases treated of in our Beport. Our Dispensary is the only Institution of the kind in America which has been established by a special charter, and this fact should give it a preference over the various quacks of doubtful character to be ound in all large cities.

TO FEMALES.—Special attention given to all diseases of Females. Also for sale

DB. DEWEES. BEGULATOR PHLES—For Female Obstructions, Irregularities, &c. Married ladies in ertain situations should not use them, as they would cause MISCARIAGE. Price \$1 per box, and may be eat by mail.

DB. GALEN'S PREVENTIVE—An invaluable ar. sause Miscarriage. There of per local are not by mail.

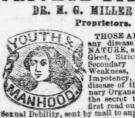
Dis. GALEN'S PREVENTIVE—An invaluable article for those wishing to limit the number of their offspring, or the barren who desire children; warranted not to injure the health. The Preventive, which will last for a lifetime, will be sent to eny address under seal, on the receipt of the price—Two DOLLARS.

PATIENTS AT A DISTANCE—By sending a brief statement of their symptoms, will receive a Blank Chart containing a list of questions, our terms for the

damage or curiosity.

The Consulting Surgeon, who is a regular graduate of one of the first institutions of the country, and of larce experience in the treatment of Venereal Diseases will give his personal attention to office patients during any hour of the day or evening. Consultations and are ministings strictly rejusted.

DR. GATES' PRIVATE MEDICAL DISPENSARY Conducted on the European Plan, FOR THE CURE OF ALL PRIVATE DISEASES DR. H. G. MILLER & CO.,



THOSE AFFLICTED WITH any disease of a PRIVATE NATURE, such as Gonorrhea, Gleet, Stricture, Primary or Secondary Syphilis, Seminal Weakness, Sexual Debility, sent by mail to any address or any disease of the Genital or Utinary Organs, before imparting the secret to any one should first read our New Treatise on Sexual Debility, sent by mail to any address or receipt of one three cent postage stamp. This work contains untuh valuable information never before published, and of the most vital importance to the health and bappiness of every individual, both male and female. It contains an elaborate treatise on the various diseases incident to the Genital Organs of both sexes, together with list of Remedies. Prices, &c.

TO THE LADIES.—We are agents for Mad. Capraul's FEMALE MONTHLY PILLS, a safe and effectual remedy for all female diseases, such as Irregularities, Obstructions of the Menses, Whites, &c. Price by mail, \$\overline{3}\$ and one postage stamp.

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Oaution.—These Fills should not be taken during pregnancy, as they are sure to produce miscarriage.

Also, for M. La Croix French Preventy Powbers. By their use married ladies may limit the number of their offspring at pleasure without the least danger of injury to health. They act by preventing conception taking place. One box will last for years Price by mail, \$\frac{1}{2}\$ and two postage stamps.

Females will obtain much valuable information by reading our New Modical Treatise.

Persons wishing to consult us personally on any of the above diseases will find us a tour office, north-essicorner Third and Market streets; private entrance on Third street, from \$\frac{1}{2}\$ and from \$\frac{1}{2}\$ to and \$7\$ to \$9\$. M.; Sundays from \$\frac{1}{2}\$ to \$\frac{1}{2}\$ A. M. Ocharge for consultation or examinations. Consultation rooms entirely private. Secrecy in all cases inviolable.

Address all letters to

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27 d&w. Louisville, Kr.

DR. HALL'S LOUISVILLE MEDICAL INFIRMARY,

Conducted on the plan of the Hospital des Veneriene, Paris, WHERE THOSE AFFLICTED WITE any form of PRIVATE DISEASE



YOUNG MEN, TAKE PARTICULAR NOTICE—Jr. II. devotes much of his time to the treatment of those cases caused by a secret habit which ruins both body and mind, unfitting the unfortunate individual for either business or society. The sid effects of the e early habits, or the excess of riper years, or to weaken and deb litate the constitution. destroy the physical and mental powers, diminish and enfeeble the natural feelings, and exhaust the vital energies of manhood; the deasures of life are marred, the object of marriage custrated, and existence itself rendered a term of ungoacing misery and regret. Such persons, especially those contemplating marriage, should lose no time it making immediate application, as Dr. H., by his new treatment, is enabled to insure a speedy and permanent oute.

Patients living at a distance can consult us by letter by seuding a description of their disease and enclosing



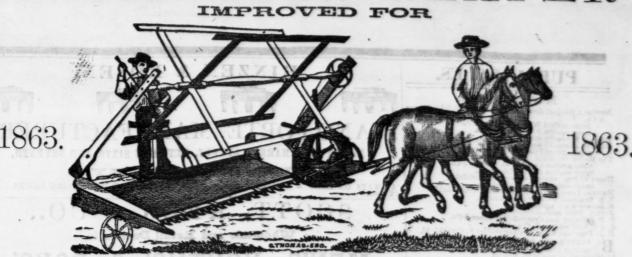
SELF-RAKER. McCORMICK'S REAPER & MOWER. A LSO REPAIRS CONSTANTLY ON HAND FOR A machinery from 1856 to 1863. By calling at the store the undersisned will take pleasure in showing the reliferance there being one in store, complete for exhibition.

D. C. BRADY & CO., my27

226 Main street.

est prices. Repairing will be the standard to the standard to

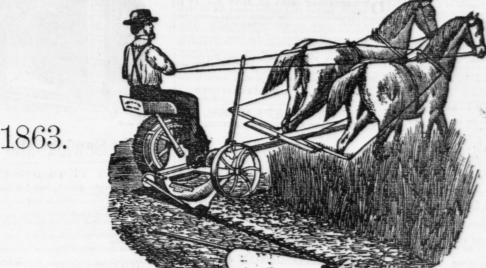
LOUISVILLE REAPER



Description of the "Louisville Reaper."

THIS MACHINE WEIGHS 800 POUNDS, CUTS 61/4 FEET WIDE, AND FROM 4 TO 24 INCHES HIGH. IT IS OF LIGHT DRAFT AND WITHOUT APPARENT side-draft. It will cut, under favorable circum stances, from 15 to 25 acres per day. There is no driver's seat on the Machine. This lesser the world. PRICE, AT LOUISVILLE, \$120 CASH.

MOWER. IMPROVED FOR



1863.

Description of the Louisville Mower." THIS MACHINE IS MADE ALMOST ENTIRELY OF IRON. IT IS EXCEEDINGLY COMPACT AND SIMPLE, AND STRONG EEYOND ANY POSSIBILITY OF breaking. It cuts a swath 4 feet 4 inches wide, and cuts even and smooth in all kinds of grass. It has a lever for raising the finger-bar from the ground for passing obstructions, or for moving from fie d to field. It is arranged to throw itself out of gear when backing and is convenient to handle in every respect. It weighs 600 pounds, ongue is loose, and there is no weight upon the horses' necks.

JAMES DIFFE

PRICE, AT LOUISVILLE, \$100 CASH. A. H. PATCH & CO., KENTUCKY AGRICULTURAL WORKS, Market st., bet. Preston and Jackson.

COAL AND LUMBER. COAL, COAL.

THE UNDERSIGNED KEEP CONSTANTLY ON hand a choice lot of PITTSBURG COAL, together with all other kinds kept in this market, to which they would invite the attention of buyers. Having had long experience in the business, we feel confident we can give entire satisfaction in every particular. We sak a continuance of the patronage heretofore so liberally bestowed, as well as an increase of new customers. Our office is on Market street, between Sixth and Seventh streets, and on Water and First streets, jail dtf.

BOWSER & Foltz.

T. W. BRIGGS

WISHES TO INFORM HIS FRIENDS AND patrons that he has removed from his old stand on Market street, and has opened offices on Third St., bet. Main and Market and on Where he will keep the best quality of Pittsburg Coal, Wholesale and retail, at lewest cash prices. se24 dom

Dissolution. THE PARTNERSHIP HERETOFORE EXISTING between the undersigned, under the style of T. W. BRIGGS & CO., has been dissolved by mutual consent. T. W. BRIGGS & CO. COAL! COAL! COAL! A ESSRS. S. ROBERTS & CO., (OF THE FIRM OF I. T. W. Briggs & Co.) wish to inform their friends of the public generally that they still occupy the fice formerly occupied by Messrs. T. W. Briggs & Co., o. 135 Market street, between First and Second, here they will keep constantly on hand a full supply the best

Pittsburg and Youghiogheny Coal, Wholesale and retail to suit customers. se28 n1&dtf OLMSTEAD & O'CONNOR, (SUCCESSORS TO JOS. ROBB),

Pittsburg and Peytona Cannel Coal, AND Sole Agents for the Pomeroy Coal. OBDERS FOR ANY OF THE ABOVE COALS respectfully solicited and promptly filled at the lowest mark prices. Constantly on hand a good supply of the PEYTONA CANNEL and PEACOCK POM. EEOY COAL, which, for kitchen, parlor or chamber use, has no superior. FOR SALE!

BEST QUALITY OF PITTSBURG COAL AT THE lowest market price. Also, BEACH BOTTOM COAL, much lower rates, by J. N. KELLOG, Agent, ap7 dtf near the corner of Third and Main. II. B. CLIFFORD.

COMMISSION MERCHANT

EXCLUSIVELY. No. 7 Front Row, Memphis, Tenn.

HAVE DISPOSED OF MY STOCK OF GROCERIES, Produce &c. as I find that I cannot, nor can any one else, do justice to themselves and their shippers when they buy, for it is natural that they will sell their own goods first. As I have many heavy shippers, I will hereafter confine myself strictly to the

Commission Business

And hope that I will find a continuance of the ma favors shown me during the past eight years, I sh give prisonal attention to all consignments, and wake liberal cash advances on produce in store, I motto is OUIGK SALES & PROMPT RETURNS

Dealers in cotton cannot do better than to leave the

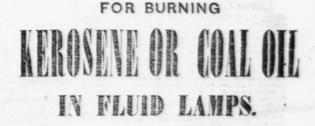
MR. F. M. COPELAND,

THE UNDERSIGNED, LATE OF THE FIRM OF Shockency & Moody, will continue business at the old stand, as heretofore, in all its branches. Thankful for the patronage heretofore extended, as a member of the old firm, he trasts by strict care and attention to receive a liberal share under the new arrangement. mhl dt!

W. SHOCKENCY.

Choice Teas. BLACK AND GREEN TEAS OF SUPERIOR quality, in store and for sale cheap for cash, by SIMPLICITY AND ECONOMY COMBINED

TISDEL & NASH'S Patent Attachment



PATENTED MARCH 24, 1863.

THIS IS AN ARTICLE WHICH, ON ACCOUNT OF ITS UTILITY, SIM

WHAT THEY SAY OF IT.

A VALUABLE INVESTOR.—One of the best, and at the same time, most simple contrivances for burning Kerosene Oil in a common fluid lamp. It is so simple that any child can apply it, and it will burn Kerosene Oil in any fluid lamp will hout even changing the wheking. It is one of the neatest things that has come under our notice, and it destined to become very popular with all who use it. It burns the Oil perfectly, will no smoke, and will save many times its cost in a few months, and for portable or night lamps it appears to be the neatest lamp. (Syncause Courier and Union.

[From the Scientific American.]

Other journals speak in like terms, and the most flattering testimonials are being constantly received from agents and others as to their efficiency and economy; in fact they have earned for themselves a wide-spread reputation.

The article never fails to commend itself to all who see it in operation, PRICE.

Per dozen, in quantities less than 1 gross..... Liberal Discounts made to Agents and Dealers. Orders f rany amount promptly executed. Terms—Cash on delivery. A sample burner will be sent free per mail on receipt of 25 cents. Sole Proprieto: and Manufacturer, Watertown, N. Y.

C. W. CHATFIELD, DESCRIPTION OF CUT. A represents the burner, full size, placed in position on the tube B, and C the wick. Sole Agent for Kentucky, je3 731 Main st., south side, between Seventh and Eighth, Louisville, ARTHUR PETER (ESTABLISHED IN 1817.) THOS E. WILSON. WILSON & PETER,

[SUCCESSORS TO WILSON & STARDIED.] WHOLESALE DRUGGISTS -AME-IMPORTERS OF PORCION DRIES AND CHEMICALS

AND DEALERS IE PAINTS, QILS, WINDOW-GLASS, GLASSWARE, TOBACCO, SNUFF PRINTER BUNDEREN WO COLOR OF CO. No. 416 Main St., Louisville, Ky AGENTS FOR THE LOUISVILLE CHEMICAL WORKS.

Prepare for Summer-Save your Ice ATTENTION, E. W. MACDONALD, Galvanized IRON REFRIGERATORS,

Ice Chests and Water Coolers,

49 Fourth st., 4th door below Main,

LOUISVILLE, KY. MACDONALD'S Improved Galvanized Refrigerator, THE BEST A D MOST CONVENIENT ARTICLE in use for Cooling and Preserving Meats, Milk, Butter, Fruit, Wines, etc., Constantly on hand and for sale, Ice Chests for Hospitals, Steamboats, Saloons, Butchers, etc., also Beer Coolers on the me st improved style. All work of this description made to order at short notice.

HARLAN & HARLAN, Attorneys at Law FRANKFORT, KY., WILL PRACTICE LAW IN THE COURT OF APpeals, in the Federal Courts holden at Frankfort,
Louisville and Covington, and in the Circuit Courts of
Frankin, Henry, Owen, Shelby, Woodford, Anderson
ard Mercer. Special attention given to the collection of 400,000 Domestic Cigars, assorted brands;

300 gross Assorted Smoking Tobacco;

25 gross Rubber Pipes; 10 gross Rosewood Pipes; 20 bbis fine-cut Chewing Tebacco; 25 gross Snany Side do 25 gross Sweet Owen do 25 gress Rose Bud do 10 gross Anderson's Solace 5,000 lbs Killikinnick Smoking do; 500 lbs Turkish do 15 gross Demi Virginia do 500 lbs Turkish 10 gross Golden Seal do

50 gross Brier Pipes;

n store and for sale low by D. MINETT,

of tipes speed to televise the tipe of the second to the second to the second to the second televise te

AND LIGHT SPRING WAGONS,
Twellth street, between Main and Market streets,
fe25 d&w6m LOUISVILLE, KY.

COVERNMENT CLAIMS.